

# Microsoft Word Tutorial

<http://www.fgcu.edu/support/office2007/word/index.asp>

## Table of Contents

### Getting Started

- Microsoft Office Button
- The Ribbon (Formerly the Toolbars)
- Quick Access Toolbar

### Working With Documents

- Creating a New Document
- Open an Existing Document
- Saving a Document
- Save As or Renaming Documents
- Working on Multiple Documents
- Document Views
- Close a Document

### Customize the Word Environment

- Popular
- Display
- Proofing
- Save
- Advanced
- Customize

### Editing a Document

- Typing and inserting Text
- Selecting Text
- Inserting Additional Text
- Rearranging Blocks of Text
- Deleting Blocks of Text
- Search and Replace Text
- Undo Changes

### Formatting Text

- Styles
- Changing Font and Size
- Font Styles and Effects
- Change Text Color
- Highlight Text
- Copy Formatting
- Clear Formatting

### Formatting Paragraphs

- Change Paragraph Alignment
- Indent Paragraphs
- Add Borders and Shading
- Apply Styles
- Create Links
- Change Spacing Between Paragraphs and Lines

### Styles

- Apply a style

### Graphics

- Symbols and Special Characters
- Equations
- Illustrations, Pictures, and SmartArt
- Watermarks

### Proofing a Document

- Spelling and Grammar
- Thesaurus
- Customize AutoCorrect
- Create a New Default Dictionary
- Check Word Count

### Page Formatting

- Modify Page Margins and Orientation
- Apply a Page Border and Color
- Insert Common Header and Footer Information
- Create a Page Break
- Insert a Cover Page
- Insert a Blank Page

### Macros

- Recording a Macro
- Running a Macro

### Table of Contents

- Mark TOC Entries
- Create a Table of Contents
- Update Table of Contents
- Delete Table of Contents

### Creating Web Pages

- Entering Text
- Hyperlinks
- Saving Web Pages

### Lists

- Bulleted and Numbered Lists
- Nested Lists
- Formatting Lists

### References and Citations

- Style
- Citations

- Create New Styles
  - New Style
  - New Quick Style
- Style Inspector
- Placeholders
- Manage Sources
- Bibliography
- Insert Footnote

### Adding Tables

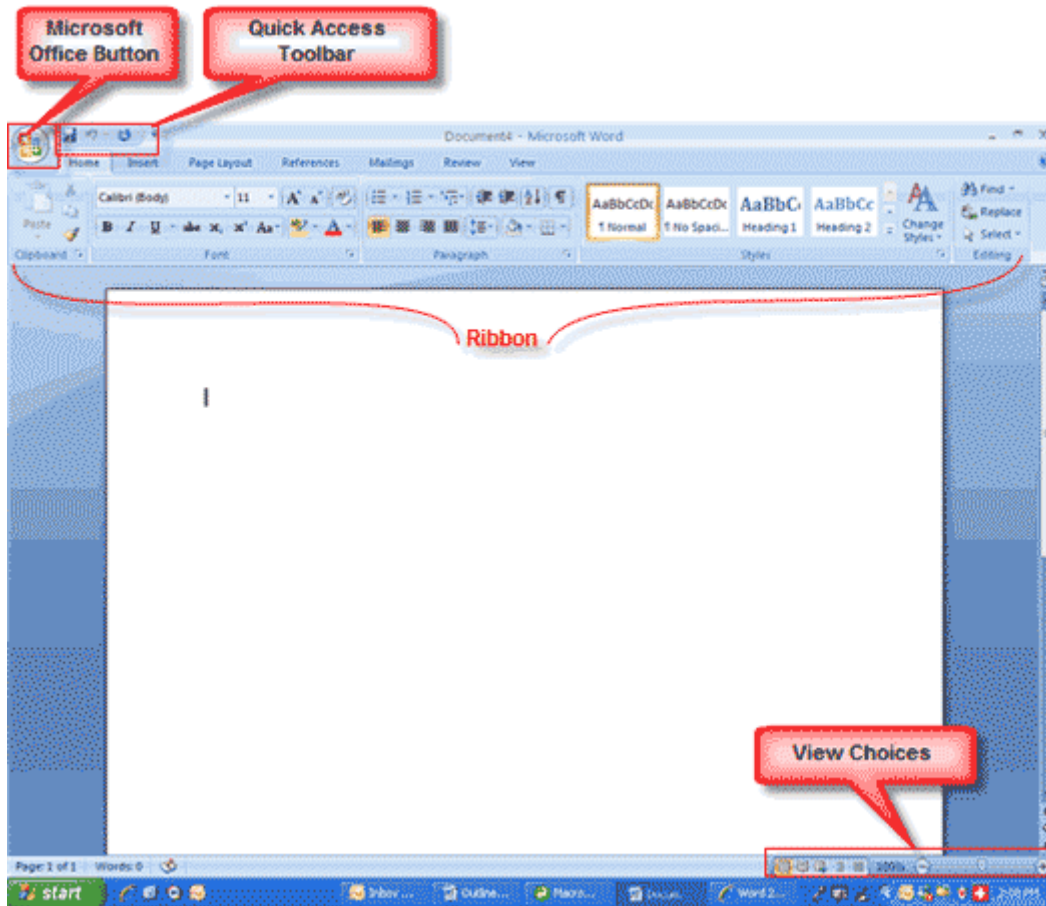
- Create a Table
- Enter data in a Table
- Modify the Table Structure and Format a Table

### Track Changes

- Begin Track Changes
- Document Views
- Accept or Reject Changes
- Comments

\*\*\*\*\*

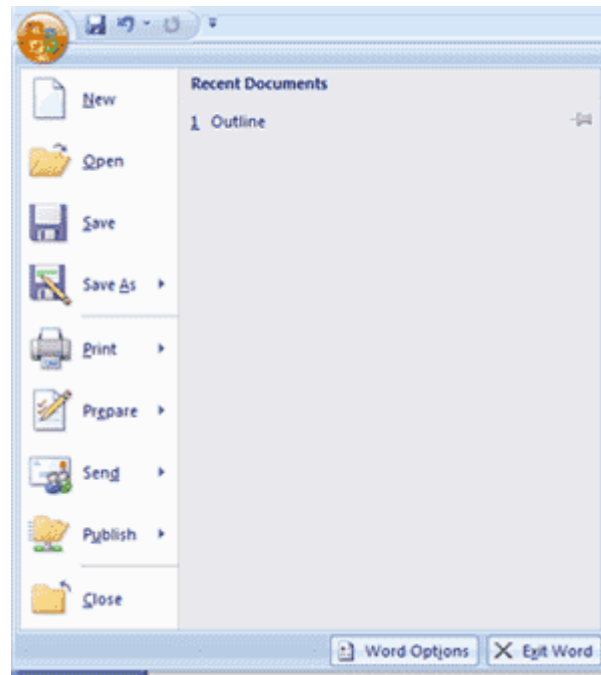
### Screen Layout



### Menus

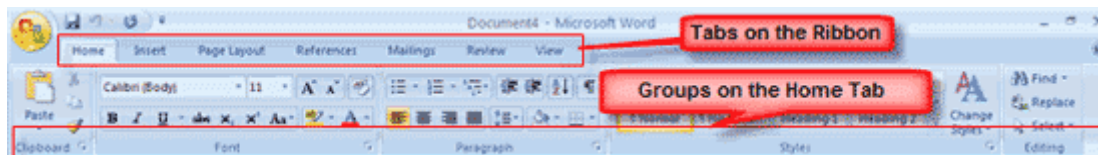
When you begin to explore Word 2007 you will notice a new look to the menu bar. There are three features that you should remember as you work within Word 2007: the Microsoft Office Button, the Quick Access Toolbar, and the Ribbon. These three features contain many of the functions that were in the menu of previous versions of Word. The functions of these three features will be more fully explored below.

## The Microsoft Office Button

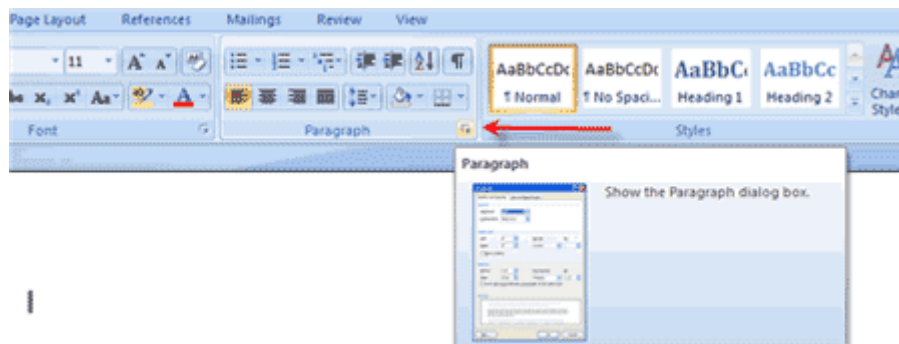


The Microsoft Office button performs many of the functions that were located in the File menu of older versions of Word. This button allows you to create a new document, open an existing document, save or save as, print, send (through email or fax), publish or close.

## The Ribbon



The Ribbon is the panel at the top portion of the document. It has seven tabs: Home, Insert, Page Layout, References, Mailings, Review, and View that contain many new and existing features of Word. Each tab is divided into groups. The groups are logical collections of features designed to perform functions that you will utilize in developing or editing your Word document. Commonly used features are displayed on the Ribbon, to view additional features within each group, click on the arrow at the bottom right of each group.



Each of the tabs contains the following tools:

**Home:** Clipboard, Fonts, Paragraph, Styles, and Editing.

**Insert:** Pages, Tables, Illustrations, Links, Header & Footer, Text, and Symbols

**Page Layout:** Themes, Page Setup, Page Background, Paragraph, Arrange

**References:** Table of Contents, Footnote, Citation & Bibliography, Captions, Index, and Table of Authorities

**Mailings:** Create, Start Mail Merge, Write & Insert Fields, Preview Results, Finish

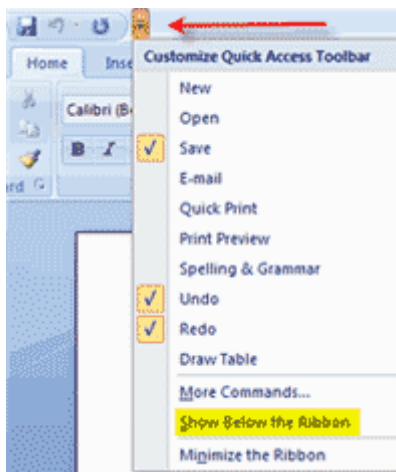
**Review:** Proofing, Comments, Tracking, Changes, Compare, Protect

**View:** Document Views, Show/Hide, Zoom, Window, Macros

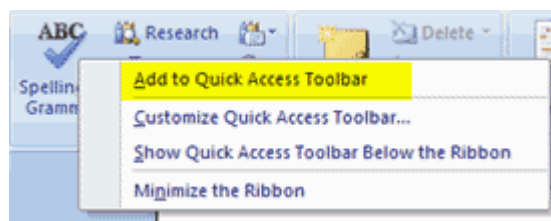
## Quick Access Toolbar



The quick access toolbar is a customizable toolbar that contains commands that you may want to use. You can place the quick access toolbar above or below the ribbon. To change the location of the quick access toolbar, click on the arrow at the end of the toolbar and click on Show Below the Ribbon.



You can also add items to the quick access toolbar. Right click on any item in the Office Button or the Ribbon and click on Add to Quick Access Toolbar and a shortcut will be added to the Quick Access Toolbar.



\*\*\*\*\*

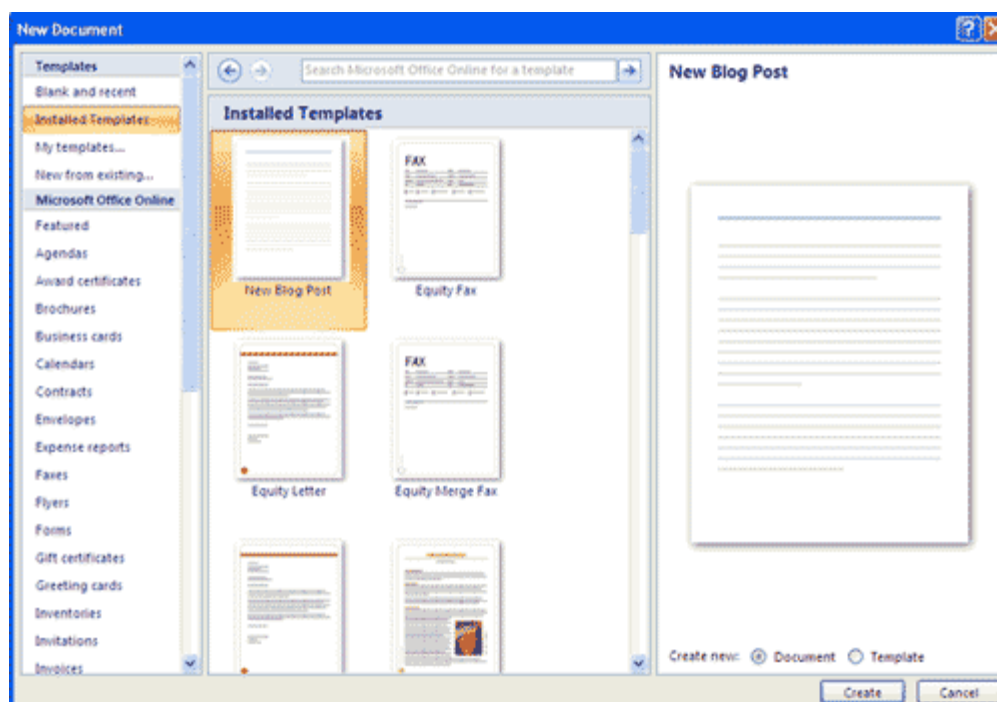
## Working with Documents

### Create a New Document


There are several ways to create new documents, open existing documents, and save documents in Word:

- Click the **Microsoft Office Button**  and Click **New** or
- Press CTRL+N (Depress the CTRL key while pressing the “N”) on the keyboard


You will notice that when you click on the Microsoft Office Button and Click **New**, you have many choices about the types of documents you can create. If you wish to start from a blank document, click **Blank**. If you wish to start from a template you can browse through your choices on the left, see the choices on center screen, and preview the selection on the right screen.



### Opening an Existing Document

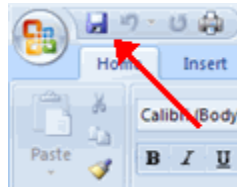
- Click the **Microsoft Office Button**  and Click **Open**, or
- Press CTRL+O (Depress the CTRL key while pressing the “O”) on the keyboard, or
- If you have recently used the document you can click the **Microsoft Office Button** and click the name of the document in the **Recent Documents** section of the window

### Saving a Document

- Click the **Microsoft Office Button**  and Click **Save** or **Save As** (remember, if you're sending the document to someone who does not have Office 2007,


you will need to click the **Office Button**, click **Save As**, and Click **Word 97-2003 Document**), or

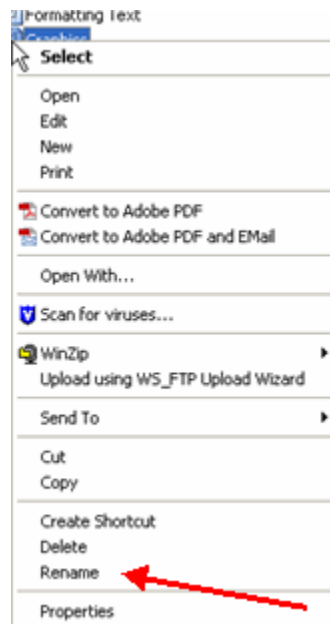
- Press CTRL+S (Depress the CTRL key while pressing the “S”) on the keyboard, or
- Click the **File** icon on the Quick Access Toolbar



## Renaming Documents

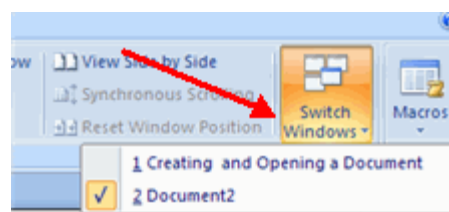
To rename a Word document while using the program:

- Click the **Office Button**  and find the file you want to rename.
- Right-click the document name with the mouse and select **Rename** from the shortcut menu.
- Type the new name for the file and press the **ENTER** key.



## Working on Multiple Documents

Several documents can be opened simultaneously if you are typing or editing multiple documents at once. All open documents will be listed in the **View Tab** of the Ribbon when you click on Switch Windows. The current document has a checkmark beside the file name. Select another open document to view it.



## Document Views

There are many ways to view a document in Word.

- **Print Layout:** This is a view of the document as it would appear when printed. It includes all tables, text, graphics, and images.
- **Full Screen Reading:** This is a full view length view of a document. Good for viewing two pages at a time.
- **Web Layout:** This is a view of the document as it would appear in a web browser.
- **Outline:** This is an outline form of the document in the form of bullets.
- **Draft:** This view does not display pictures or layouts, just text.

To view a document in different forms, click the document views shortcuts at the bottom of the screen  or:

- Click the **View Tab** on the Ribbon
- Click on the appropriate document view.



## Close a Document

To close a document:

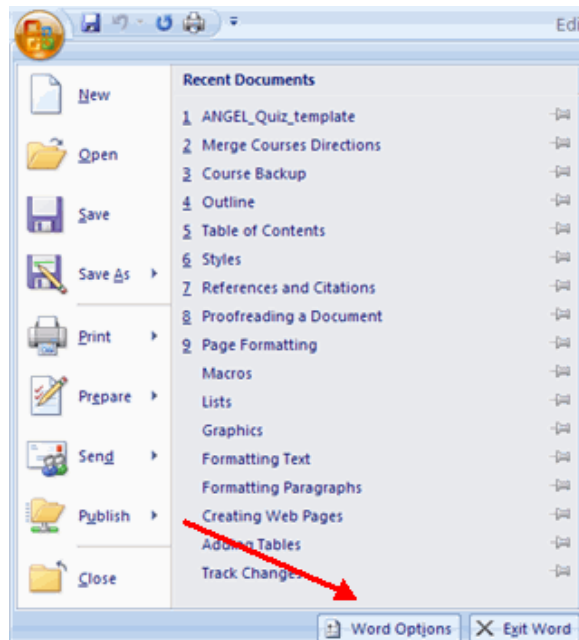
- Click the **Office Button**
- Click **Close**

\*\*\*\*\*

Customize the Word Environment:

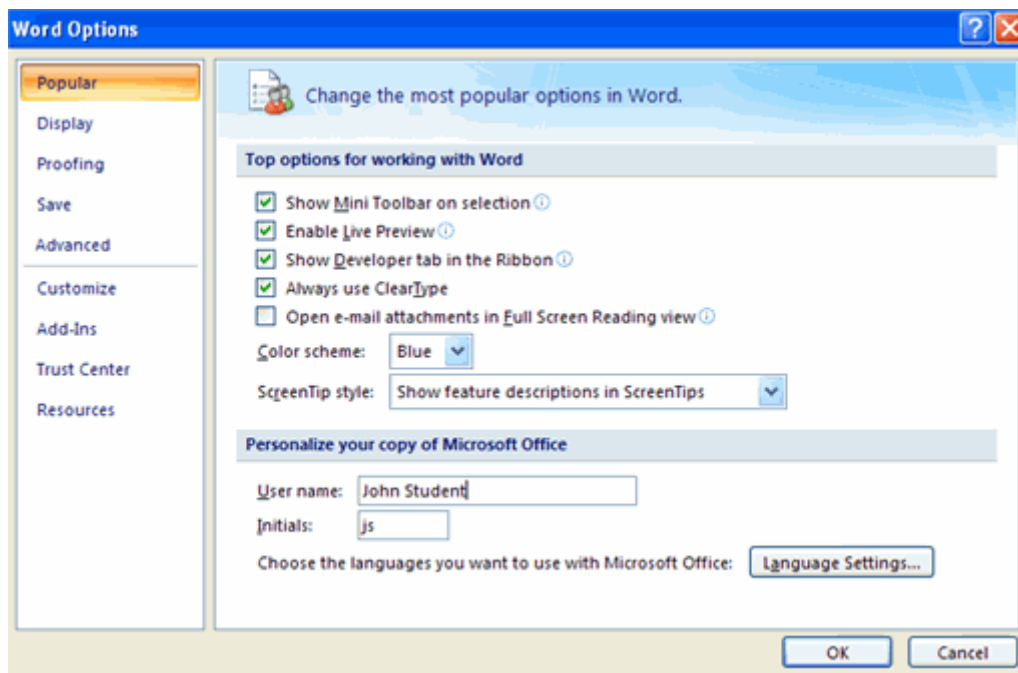
Word 2007 offers a wide range of customizable options that allow you to make Word work the best for you. To access these customizable options:

- Click the **Office Button**
- Click **Word Options**



## Popular

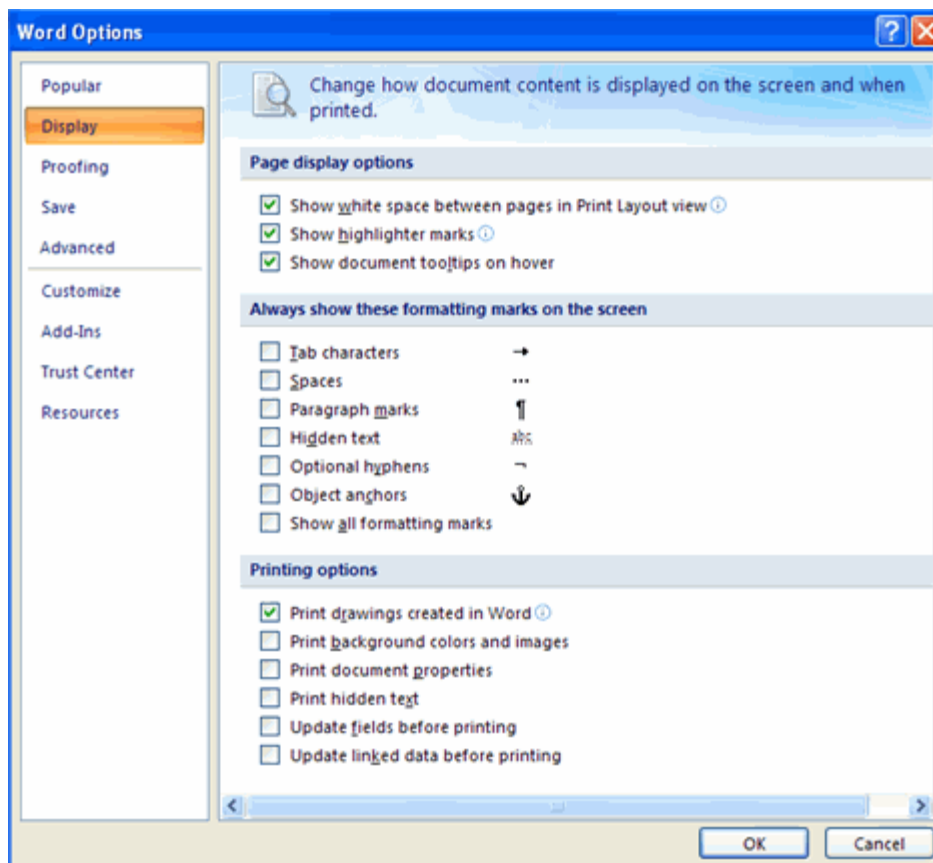
These features allow you to personalize your work environment with language, color schemes, user name and allow you to access the Live Preview feature. The Live Preview feature allows you to preview the results of applying design and formatting changes without actually applying it.



## Display

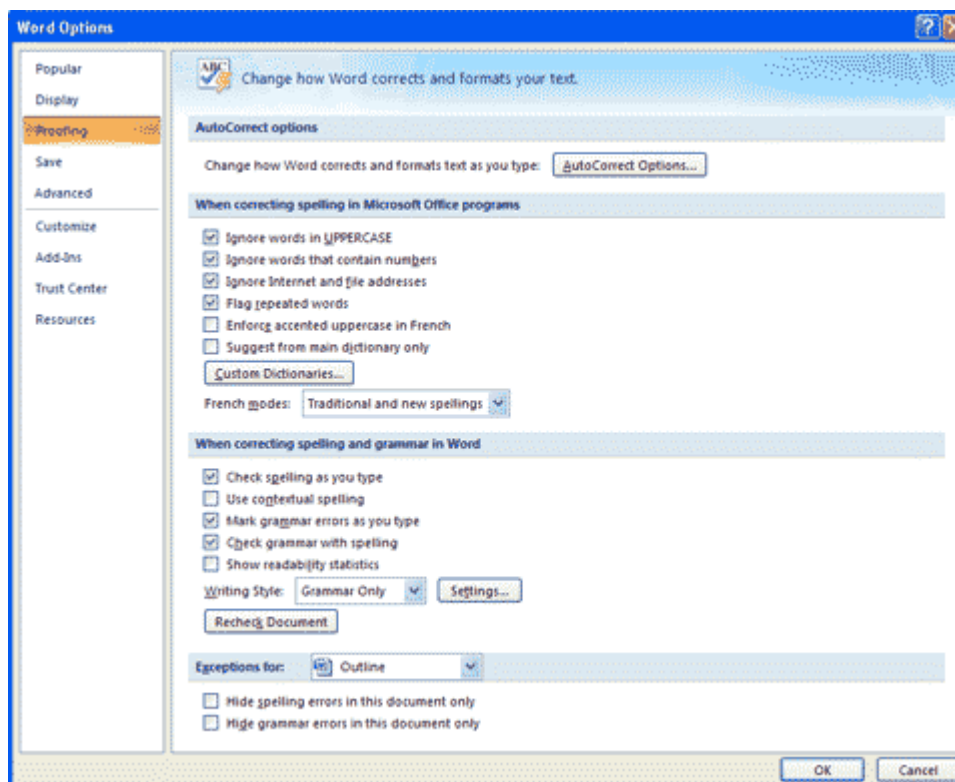
This feature allows you to modify how the document content is displayed on the screen and when printed. You can opt to show or hide certain page elements.





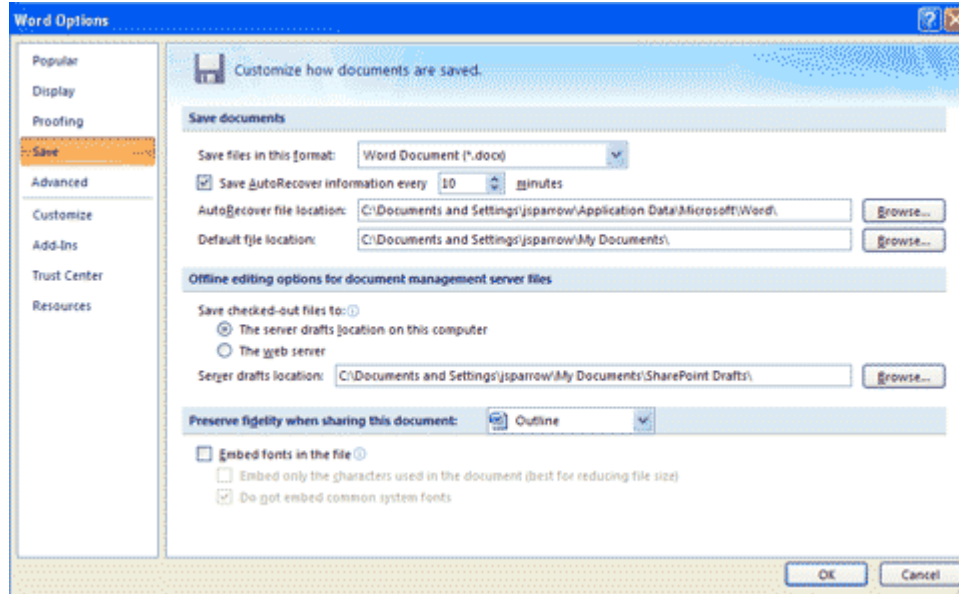
## Proofing

This feature allows you to personalize how Word corrects and formats your text. You can customize auto correction settings and have Word ignore certain words or errors in a document.



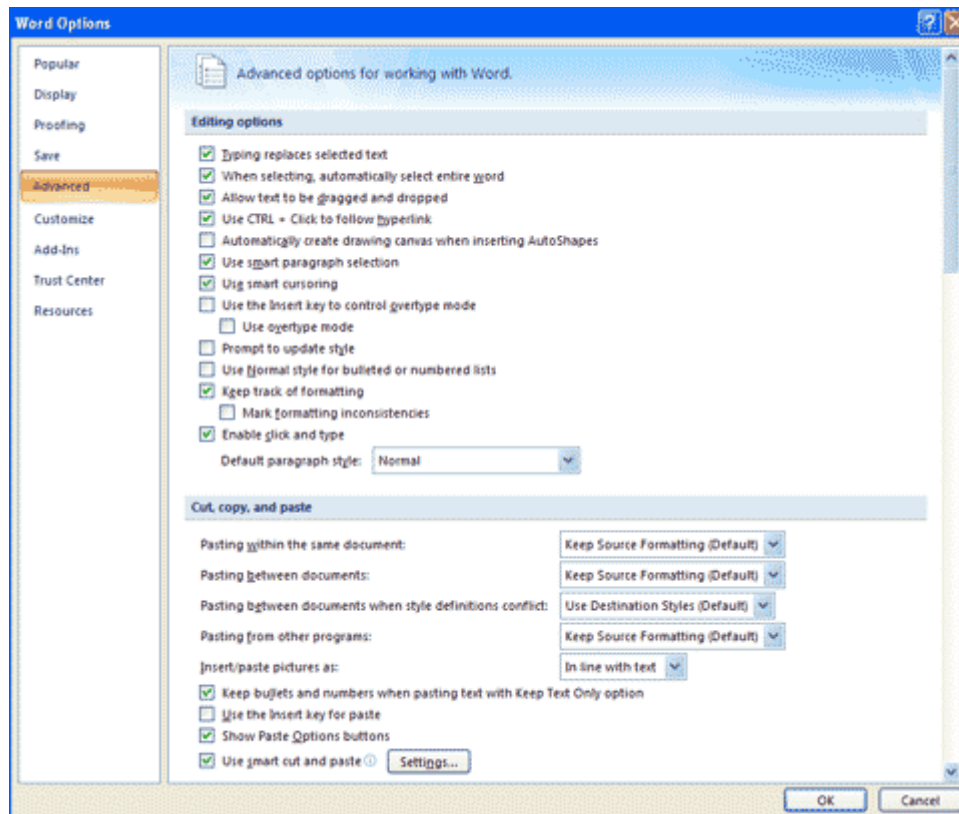
## Save

This feature allows you to personalize how your document is saved. You can specify how often you want auto save to run and where you want the documents saved.



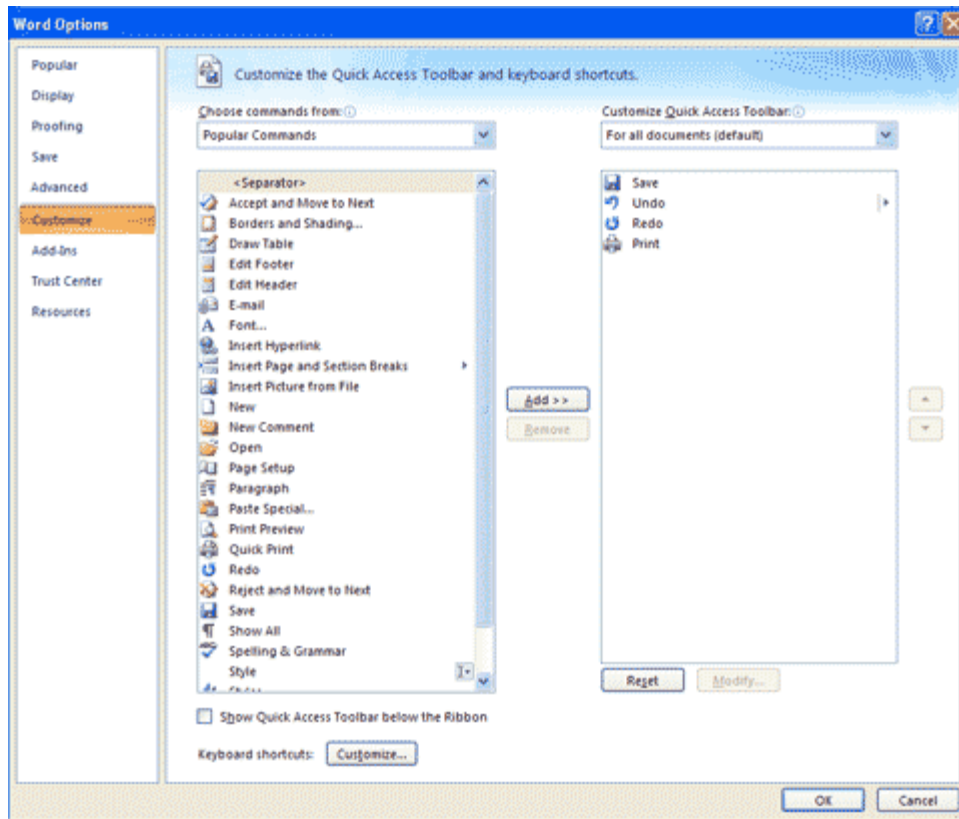
## Advanced

This feature allows you to specify options for editing, copying, pasting, displaying, printing and saving.



## Customize

Customize allows you to add features to the Quick Access Toolbar. If there are tools that you are utilizing frequently, you may want to add these to the Quick Access Toolbar.



\*\*\*\*\*

Editing a Document:

### Typing and inserting Text

To enter text, just start typing! The text will appear where the blinking cursor is located. Move the cursor by using the arrow buttons on the keyboard or positioning the mouse and clicking the left button. The keyboard shortcuts listed below are also helpful when moving through the text of a document:

Move Action	Keystroke
Beginning of the line	<b>HOME</b>
End of the line	<b>END</b>
Top of the document	<b>CTRL+HOME</b>
End of the document	<b>CTRL+END</b>

### Selecting Text

To change any attributes of text it must be highlighted first. Select the text by dragging the mouse over the desired text while keeping the left mouse button depressed, or hold down the **SHIFT** key on the keyboard while using the arrow buttons to highlight the text. The following table contains shortcuts for selecting a portion of the text:

Selection	Technique
Whole word	double-click within the word
Whole paragraph	triple-click within the paragraph
Several words or lines	drag the mouse over the words, or hold down <b>SHIFT</b> while using the arrow keys

Entire document	choose <b>Editing   Select   Select All</b> from the Ribbon, or press <b>CTRL+A</b>
-----------------	---

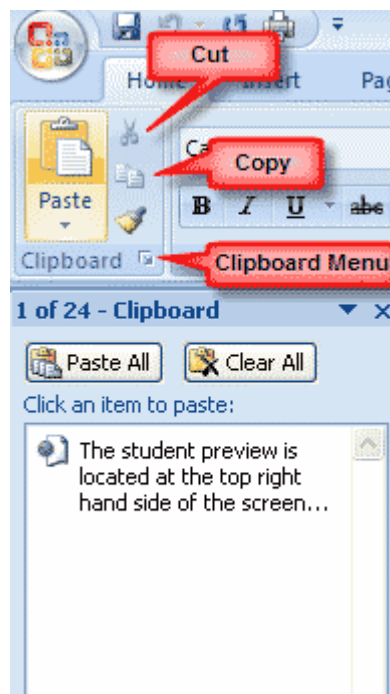
Deselect the text by clicking anywhere outside of the selection on the page or press an arrow key on the keyboard.

### Inserting Additional Text

Text can be inserted in a document at any point using any of the following methods:

- **Type Text:** Put your cursor where you want to add the text and begin typing
- **Copy and Paste Text:** Highlight the text you wish to copy and right click and click **Copy**, put your cursor where you want the text in the document and right click and click **Paste**.
- **Cut and Paste Text:** Highlight the text you wish to copy and right click and click **Cut**, put your cursor where you want the text in the document and right click and click **Paste**.
- **Drag Text:** Highlight the text you wish to move, click on it and drag it to the place where you want the text in the document.

You will notice that you can also use the Clipboard group on the Ribbon.

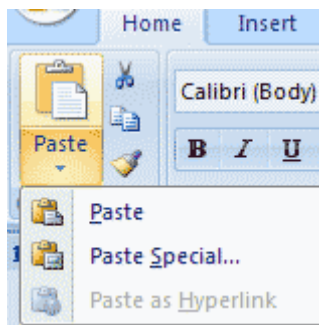


### Rearranging Blocks of Text

To rearrange text within a document, you can utilize the **Clipboard Group** on the **Home Tab** of the Ribbon.

Insert picture of clipboard group labeled

- **Move text:** Cut and Paste or Drag as shown above
- **Copy Text:** Copy and Paste as above or use the Clipboard group on the Ribbon
- **Paste Text:** Ctrl + V (hold down the CTRL and the “V” key at the same time) or use the Clipboard group to Paste, Paste Special, or Paste as Hyperlink



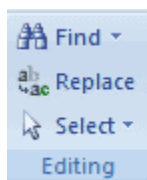
## Deleting Blocks of Text

Use the **BACKSPACE** and **DELETE** keys on the keyboard to delete text. Backspace will delete text to the left of the cursor and Delete will erase text to the right. To delete a large selection of text, highlight it using any of the methods outlined above and press the **DELETE** key.

## Search and Replace Text

To find a particular word or phrase in a document:

- Click **Find** on the **Editing Group** on the Ribbon
- To find and replace a word or phrase in the document, click **Replace** on the **Editing Group** of the Ribbon.



## Undo Changes

To undo changes:

- Click the **Undo Button** on the Quick Access Toolbar

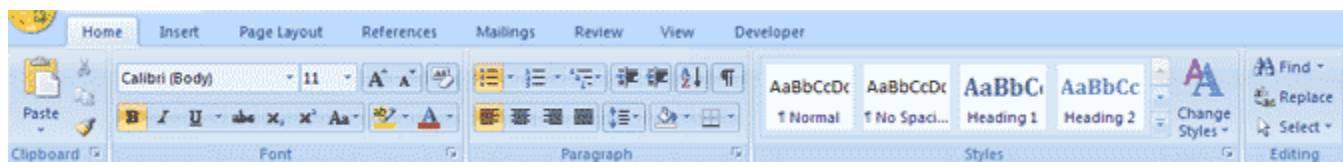


\*\*\*\*\*

## Formatting Text

### Styles

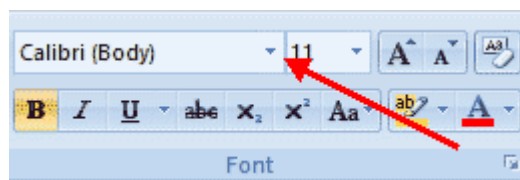
A style is a format enhancing tool that includes font typefaces, font size, effects (bold, italics, underline, etc.), colors and more. You will notice that on the Home Tab of the Ribbon, that you have several areas that will control the style of your document: Font, Paragraph, and Styles.



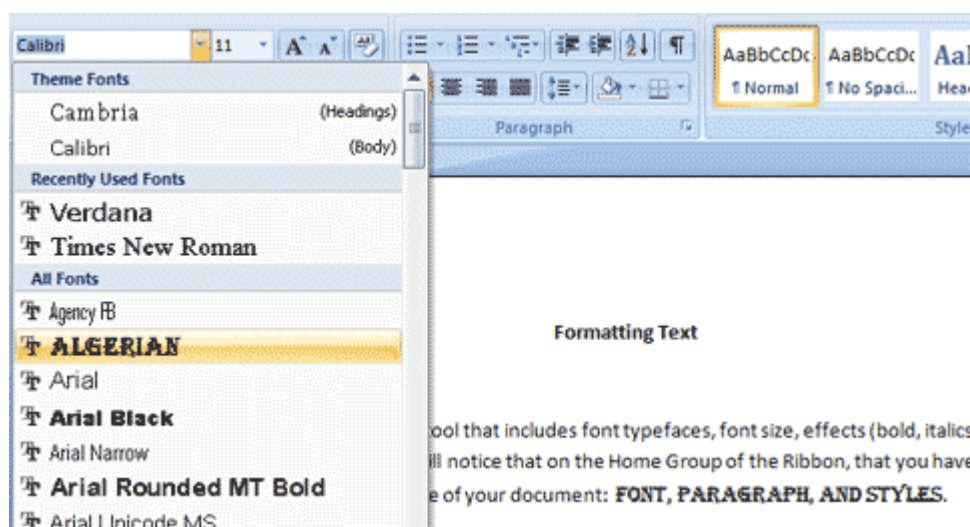
## Change Font Typeface and Size

To change the font typeface:

- Click the **arrow** next to the font name and choose a font.

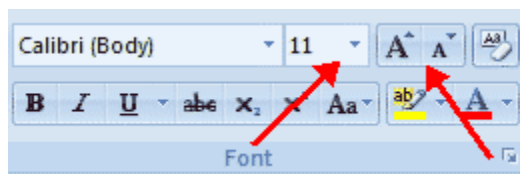


- Remember that you can preview how the new font will look by highlighting the text, and hovering over the new font typeface.



To change the font size:

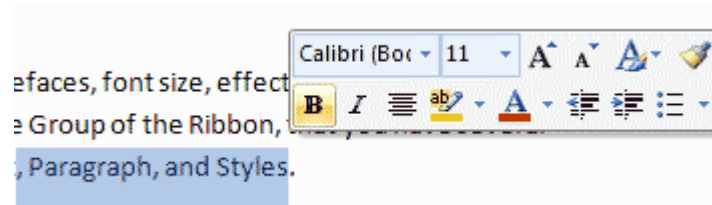
- Click the **arrow** next to the font size and choose the appropriate size, or
- Click the **increase** or **decrease** font size buttons.



## Font Styles and Effects

Font styles are predefined formatting options that are used to emphasize text. They include: Bold, Italic, and Underline. To add these to text:

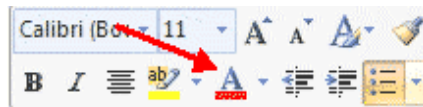
- Select the text and click the **Font Styles** included on the Font Group of the Ribbon, or
- Select the text and right click to display the font tools



## Change Text Color

To change the text color:

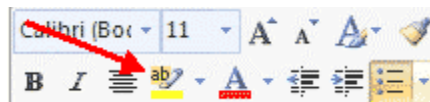
- Select the text and click the **Colors** button included on the Font Group of the Ribbon, or
- Highlight the text and right click and choose the colors tool.
- Select the color by clicking the down arrow next to the font color button.



## Highlight Text

Highlighting text allows you to use emphasize text as you would if you had a marker. To highlight text:

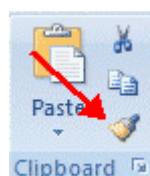
- Select the text
- Click the **Highlight Button** on the Font Group of the Ribbon, or
- Select the text and right click and select the highlight tool
- To change the color of the highlighter click on down arrow next to the highlight button.



## Copy Formatting

If you have already formatted text the way you want it and would like another portion of the document to have the same formatting, you can copy the formatting. To copy the formatting, do the following:

- Select the text with the formatting you want to copy.
- Copy the format of the text selected by clicking the **Format Painter** button on the Clipboard Group of the Home Tab
- Apply the copied format by selecting the text and clicking on it.





## Clear Formatting

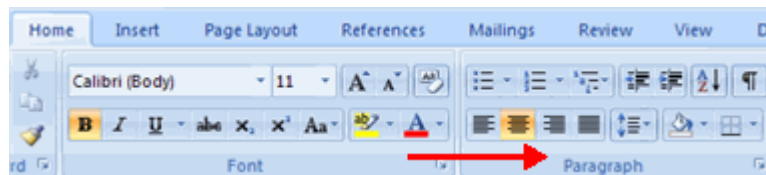
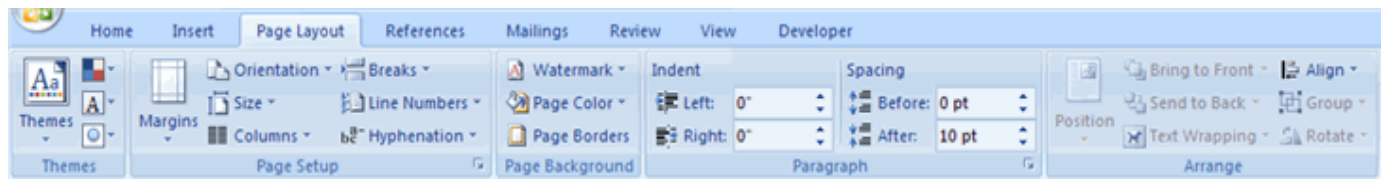
To clear text formatting:

- Select the text you wish to clear the formatting
- Click the **Styles** dialogue box on the Styles Group on the Home Tab
- Click **Clear All**

\*\*\*\*\*

## Formatting Paragraphs

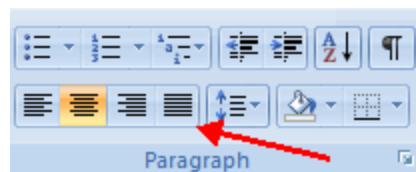
Formatting paragraphs allows you to change the look of the overall document. You can access many of the tools of paragraph formatting by clicking the **Page Layout** Tab of the Ribbon or the **Paragraph** Group on the Home Tab of the Ribbon.



## Change Paragraph Alignment

The paragraph alignment allows you to set how you want text to appear. To change the alignment:

- Click the **Home Tab**
- Choose the appropriate button for alignment on the Paragraph Group.
  - **Align Left:** the text is aligned with your left margin
  - **Center:** The text is centered within your margins
  - **Align Right:** Aligns text with the right margin
  - **Justify:** Aligns text to both the left and right margins.



## Indent Paragraphs

Indenting paragraphs allows you set text within a paragraph at different margins. There are several options for indenting:

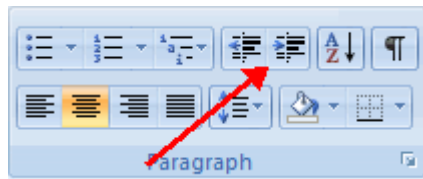
- **First Line:** Controls the left boundary for the first line of a paragraph
- **Hanging:** Controls the left boundary of every line in a paragraph except the first one
- **Left:** Controls the left boundary for every line in a paragraph



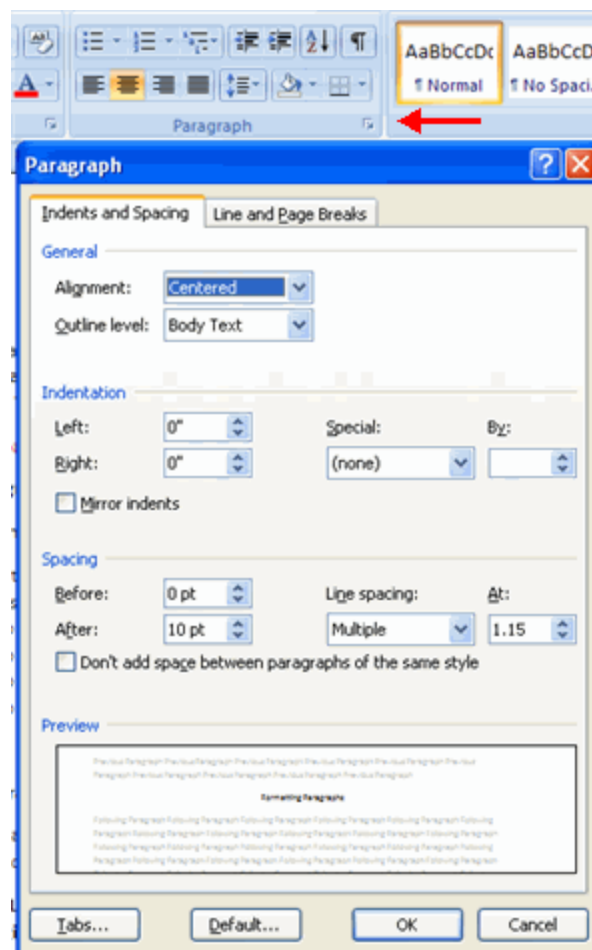
- **Right:** Controls the right boundary for every line in a paragraph

To indent paragraphs, you can do the following:

- Click the **Indent** buttons to control the indent.
- Click the **Indent** button repeated times to increase the size of the indent.



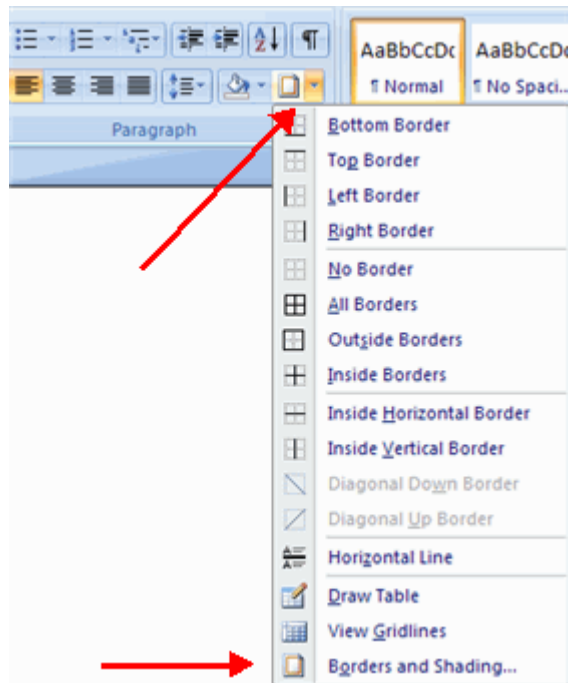
- Click the dialog box of the **Paragraph** Group
- Click the **Indents and Spacing** Tab
- Select your indents



## Add Borders and Shading

You can add borders and shading to paragraphs and entire pages. To create a border around a paragraph or paragraphs:

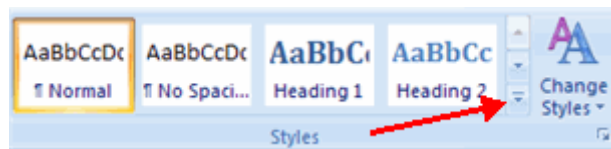
- Select the area of text where you want the border or shading.
- Click the **Borders** Button on the Paragraph Group on the Home Tab
- Choose the **Border and Shading**
- Choose the appropriate options



## Apply Styles

Styles are a present collection of formatting that you can apply to text. To utilize Quick Styles:

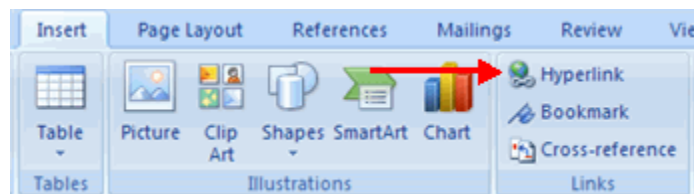
- Select the text you wish to format.
- Click the dialog box next to the **Styles Group** on the Home Tab.
- Click the style you wish to apply.

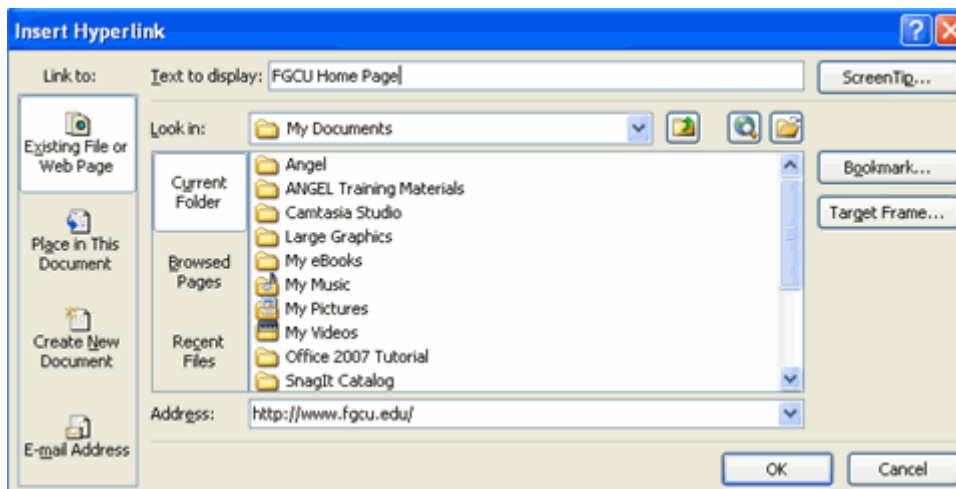


## Create Links

Creating links in a word document allows you to put in a URL that readers can click on to visit a web page. To insert a link:

- Click the **Hyperlink Button** on the Links Group of the Insert Tab.
- Type in the text in the “Text to Display” box and the web address in the “Address” box.

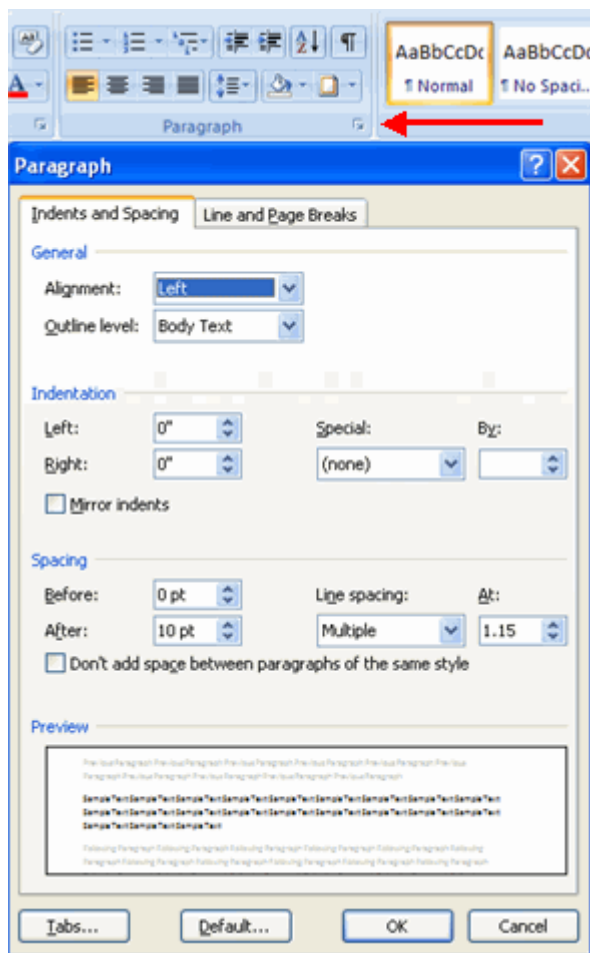




## Change Spacing Between Paragraphs and Lines

You can change the space between lines and paragraphs by doing the following:

- Select the paragraph or paragraphs you wish to change.
- On the Home Tab, Click the **Paragraph** Dialog Box
- Click the **Indents and Spacing** Tab
- In the **Spacing** section, adjust your spacing accordingly



\*\*\*\*\*

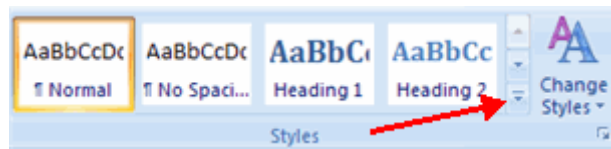
## Styles

The use of Styles in Word will allow you to quickly format a document with a consistent and professional look. Styles can be saved for use in many documents.

### Apply Styles

There are many styles that are already in Word ready for you to use. To view the available styles click the **Styles** dialog box on the Styles Group in the Home Tab. To apply a style:

- Select the text
- Click the **Styles** Dialog Box
- Click the **Style** you choose



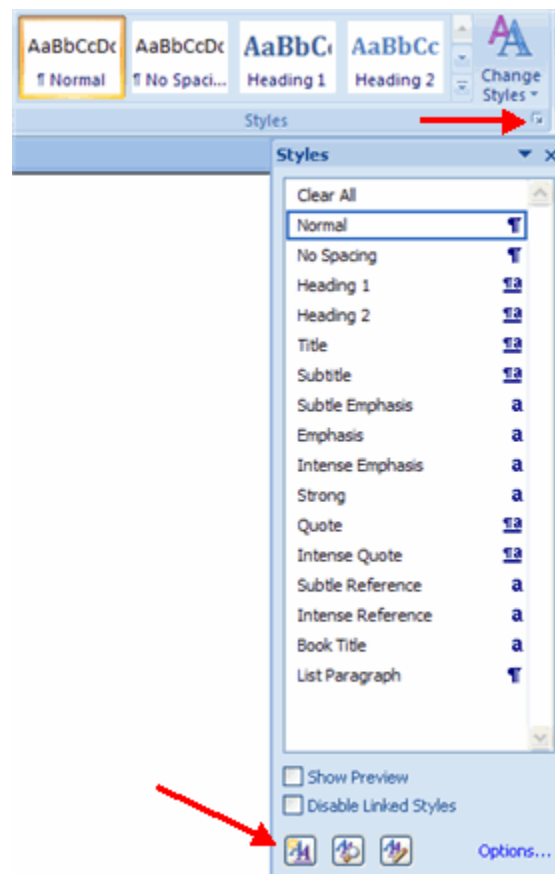
### Creating New Styles

You can create styles for formatting that you use regularly. There are two ways to do this: New Styles or New Quick Styles.

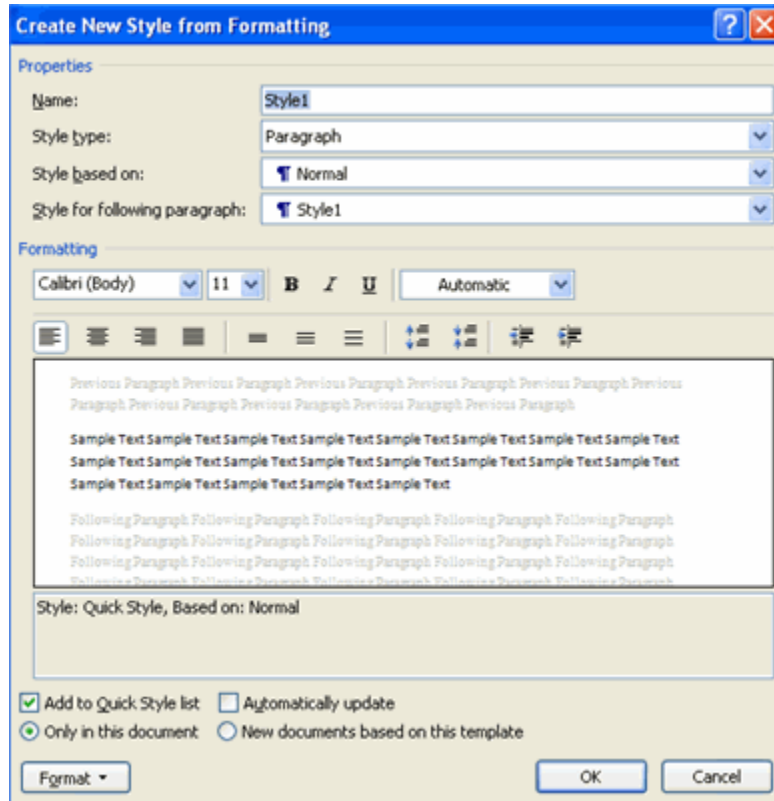
### New Styles

To create a new style:

- Click the **Styles** Dialog Box
- Click the **New Style** Button



- Complete the **New Style** dialog box.
- At the bottom of that dialog box, you can choose to add this to the **Quick Style List** or to make it available only in this document.



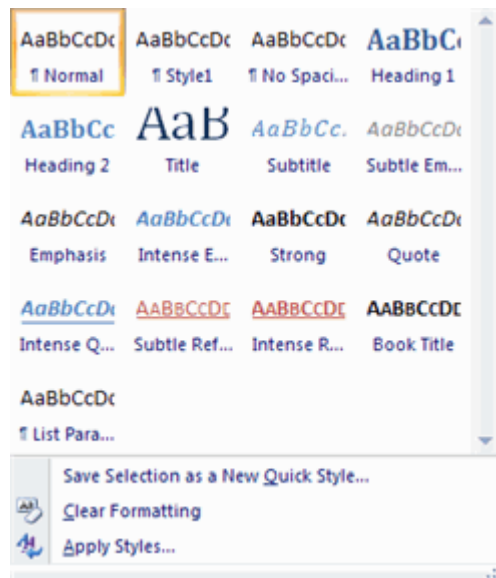
## New Quick Style

To create a style easily:

- Insert your cursor anywhere in the chosen style
- Click the **Styles** dialog box



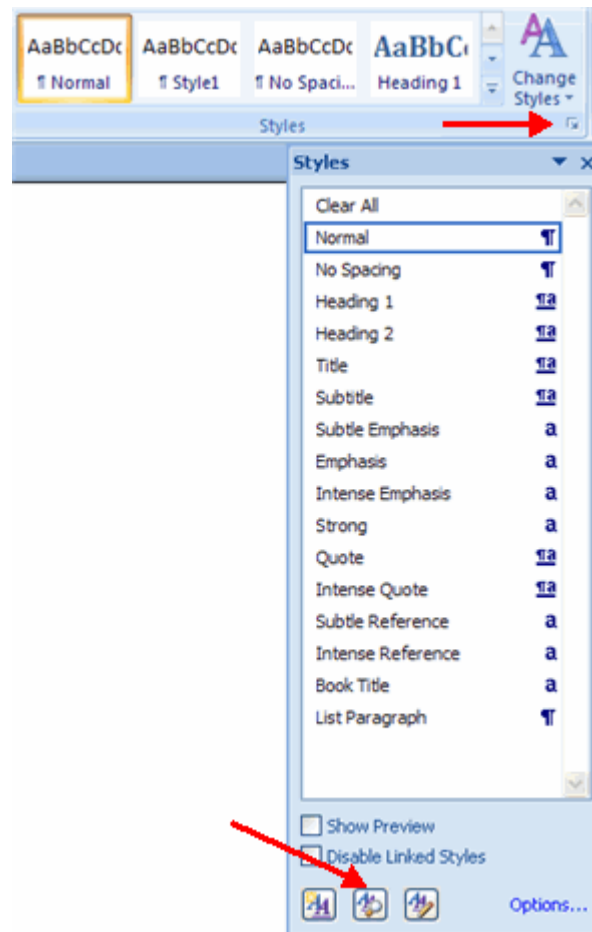
- Click **Save Selection as New Quick Style**



## Style Inspector

To determine the style of a particular section of a document:

- Insert cursor anywhere in the text that you want to explain the style
- Click the **Styles Drop Down Menu**
- Click the **Style Inspector Button**



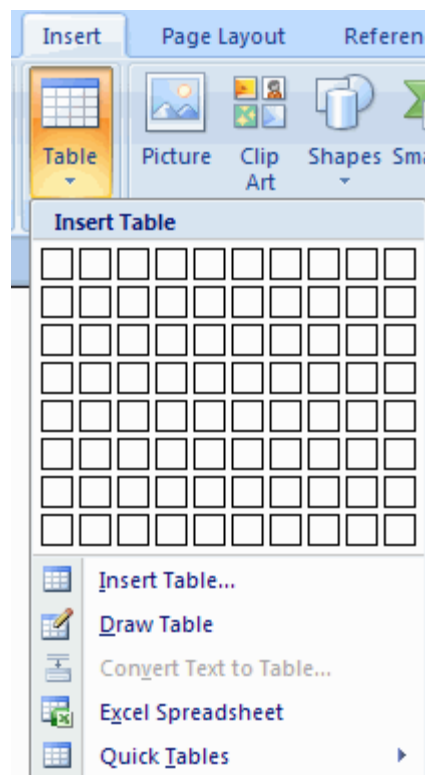
## Adding Tables

Tables are used to display data in a table format.

### Create a Table

To create a table:

- Place the cursor on the page where you want the new table
- Click the **Insert** Tab of the Ribbon
- Click the **Tables** Button on the Tables Group. You can create a table one of four ways:
  - Highlight the number of row and columns
  - Click **Insert Table** and enter the number of rows and columns
  - Click the **Draw Table**, create your table by clicking and entering the rows and columns
  - Click **Quick Tables** and choose a table



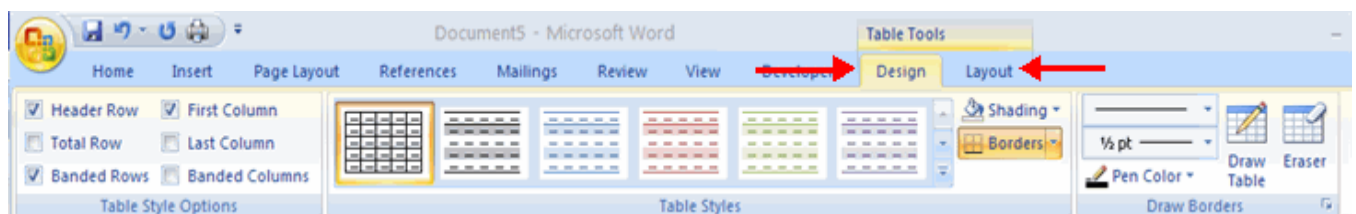
### Enter Data in a Table

Place the cursor in the cell where you wish to enter the information. Begin typing.

### Modify the Table Structure and Format a Table

To **modify** the structure of a table:

- Click the table and notice that you have two new tabs on the Ribbon: **Design** and **Layout**. These pertain to the table design and layout.

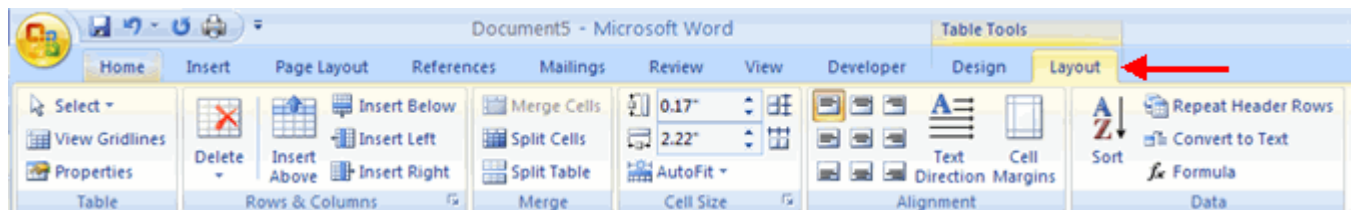


On the Design Tab, you can choose:

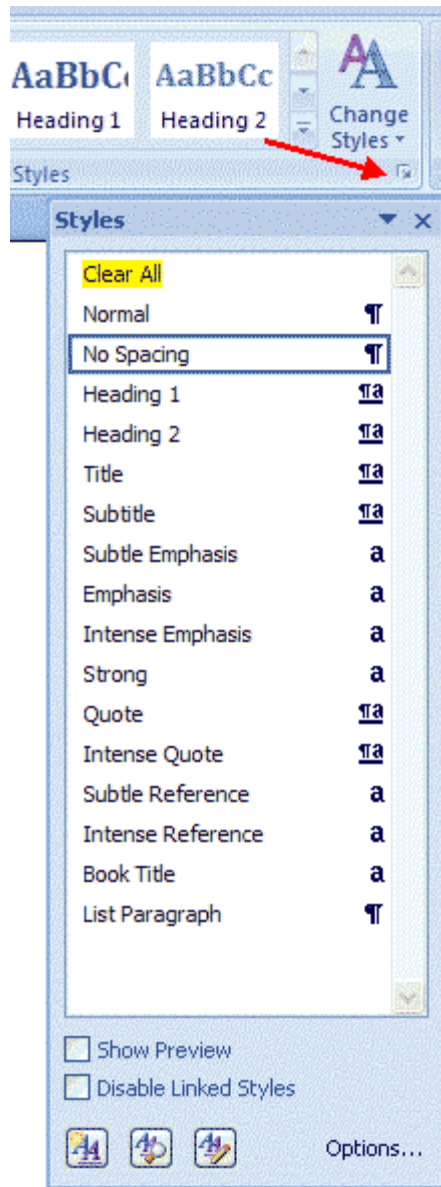
- **Table Style Options**
- **Table Styles**
- **Draw Borders**

To **format** a table, click the table and then click the **Layout** Tab on the Ribbon. This Layout tab allows you to:

- **View Gridlines and Properties** (from the Table Group)
- **Insert Rows and Columns** (from the Rows & Columns Group)
- **Delete the Table, Rows and/or Columns** (from the Rows & Columns Group)
- **Merge or Split Cells** (from the Merge Group)
- **Increase and Decrease cell size** (Cell Size Group)
- **Align text within the cells and change text directions** (Alignment Group)



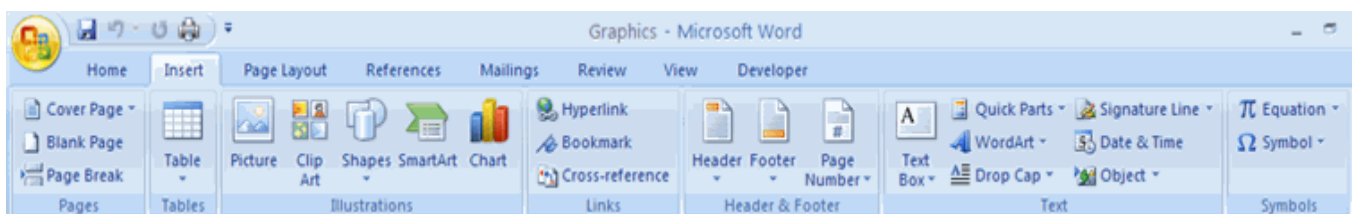




\*\*\*\*\*

## Graphics

Word 2007 allows you to insert special characters, symbols, pictures, illustrations, and watermarks.

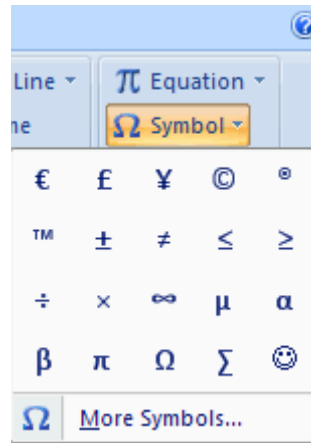


## Symbols and Special Characters

Special characters are punctuation, spacing, or typographical characters that are not generally available on the standard keyboard. To insert symbols and special characters:

- Place your cursor in the document where you want the symbol
- Click the **Insert** Tab on the Ribbon

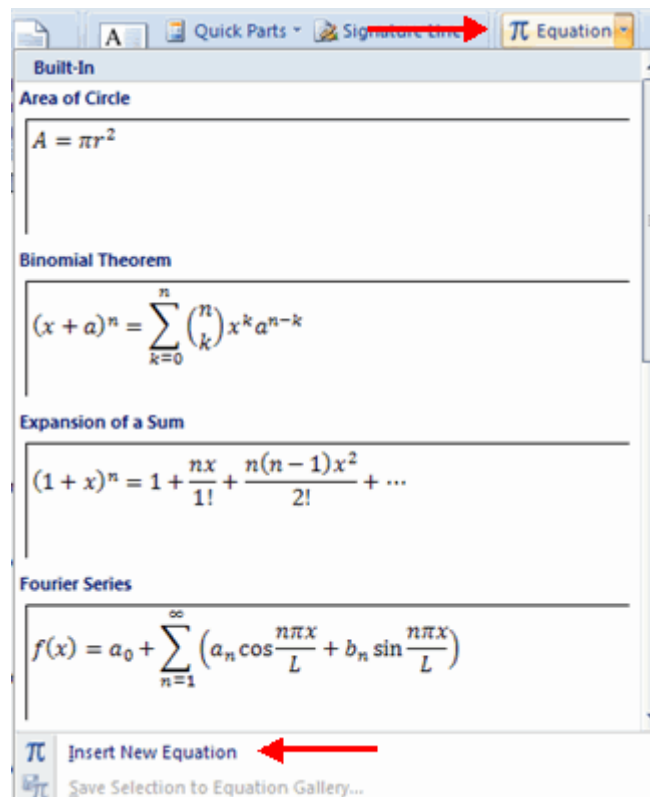
- Click the **Symbol** button on the Symbols Group
- Choose the appropriate symbol.



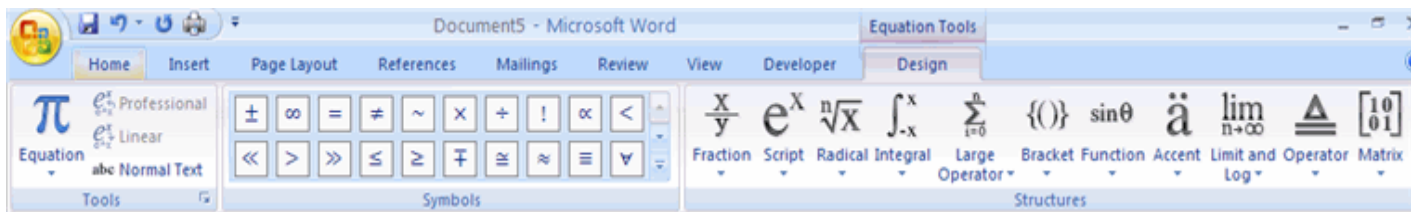
## Equations

Word 2007 also allows you to insert mathematical equations. To access the mathematical equations tool:

- Place your cursor in the document where you want the symbol
- Click the **Insert** Tab on the Ribbon
- Click the **Equation** Button on the Symbols Group
- Choose the appropriate equation and structure or click Insert New Equation



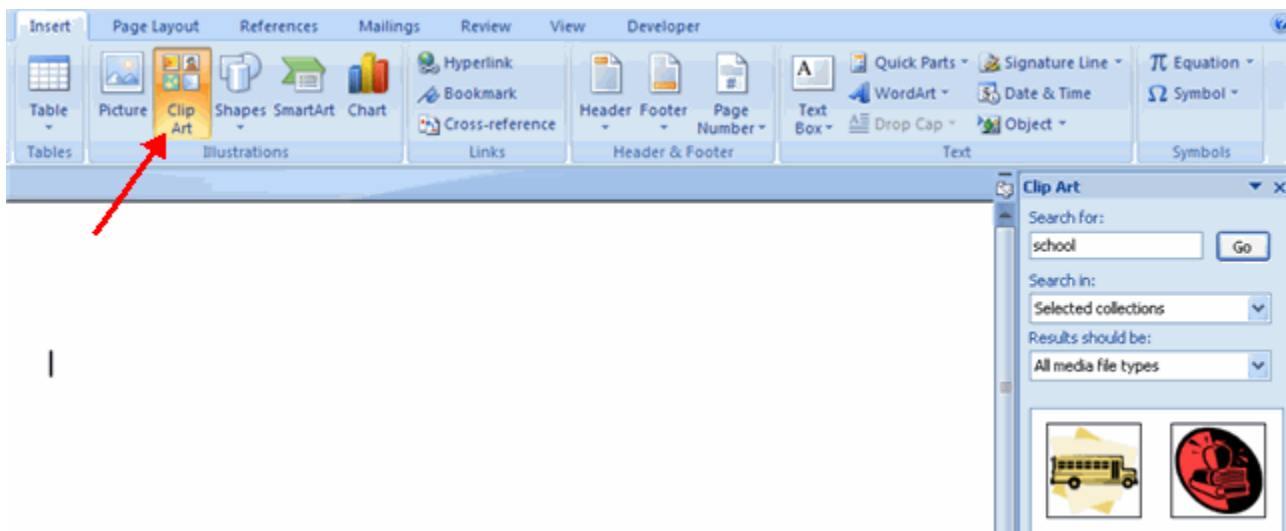
- To edit the equation click the equation and the **Design** Tab will be available in the Ribbon



## Illustrations, Pictures, and SmartArt

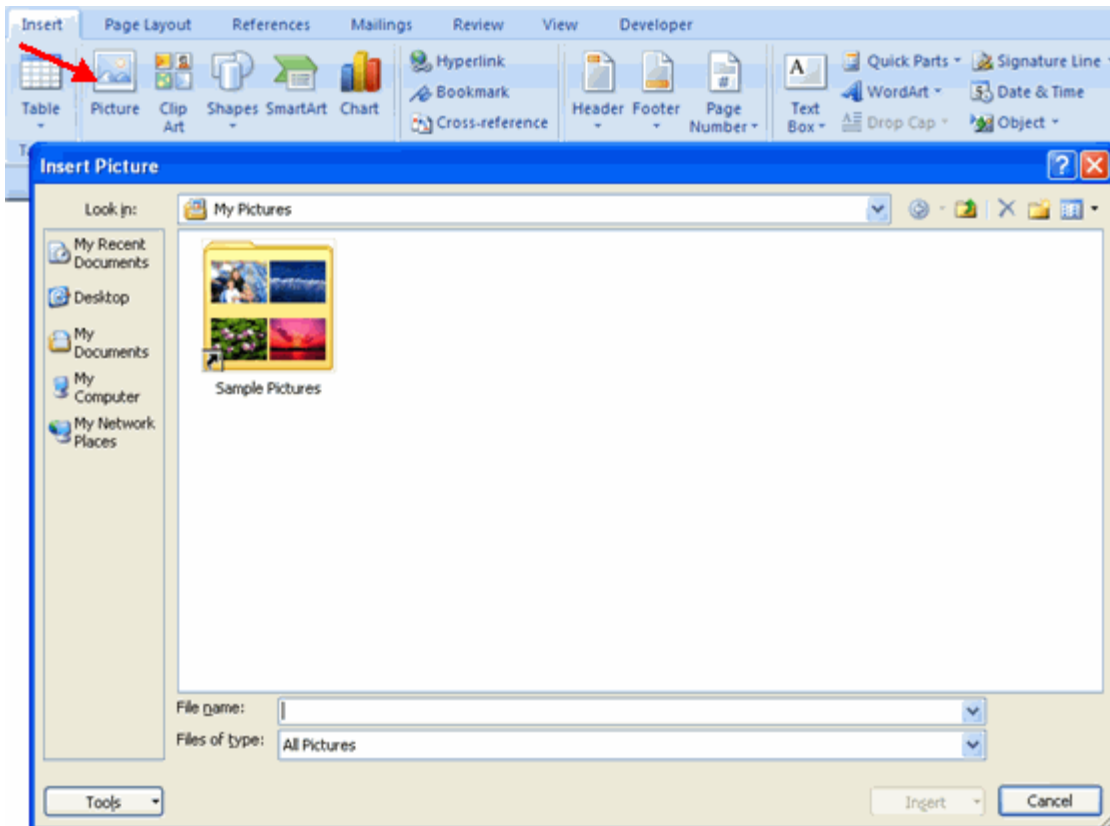
Word 2007 allows you to insert illustrations and pictures into a document. To insert **illustrations**:

- Place your cursor in the document where you want the illustration/picture
- Click the **Insert** Tab on the Ribbon
- Click the **Clip Art** Button
- The dialog box will open on the screen and you can search for clip art.
- Choose the illustration you wish to include



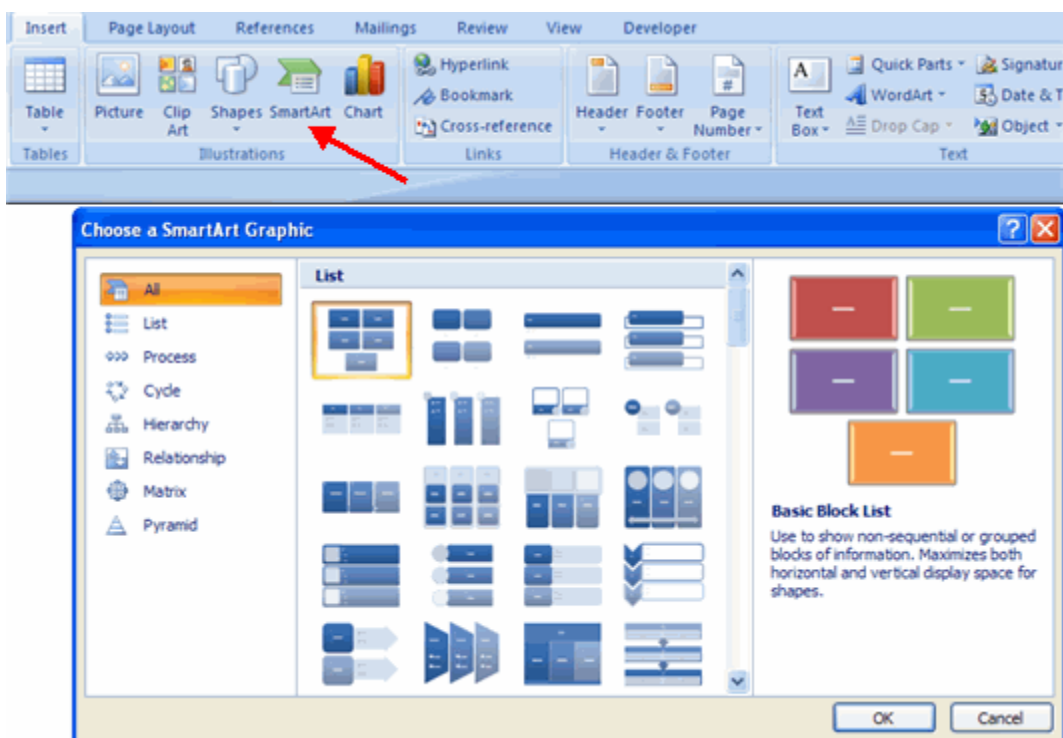
To insert a **picture**:

- Place your cursor in the document where you want the illustration/picture
- Click the **Insert** Tab on the Ribbon
- Click the **Picture** Button
- Browse to the picture you wish to include
- Click the **Picture**
- Click **Insert**



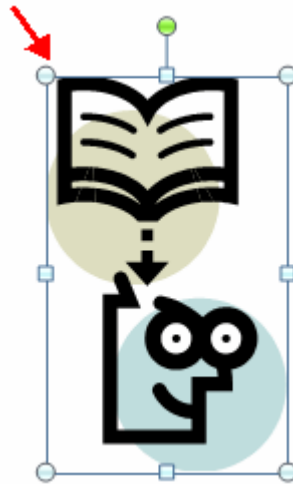
**Smart Art** is a collection of graphics you can utilize to organize information within your document. It includes timelines, processes, or workflow. To insert SmartArt

- Place your cursor in the document where you want the illustration/picture
- Click the **Insert** Tab on the Ribbon
- Click the **SmartArt** button
- Click the **SmartArt** you wish to include in your document
- Click the arrow on the left side of the graphic to insert text or type the text in the graphic.



## Resize Graphics

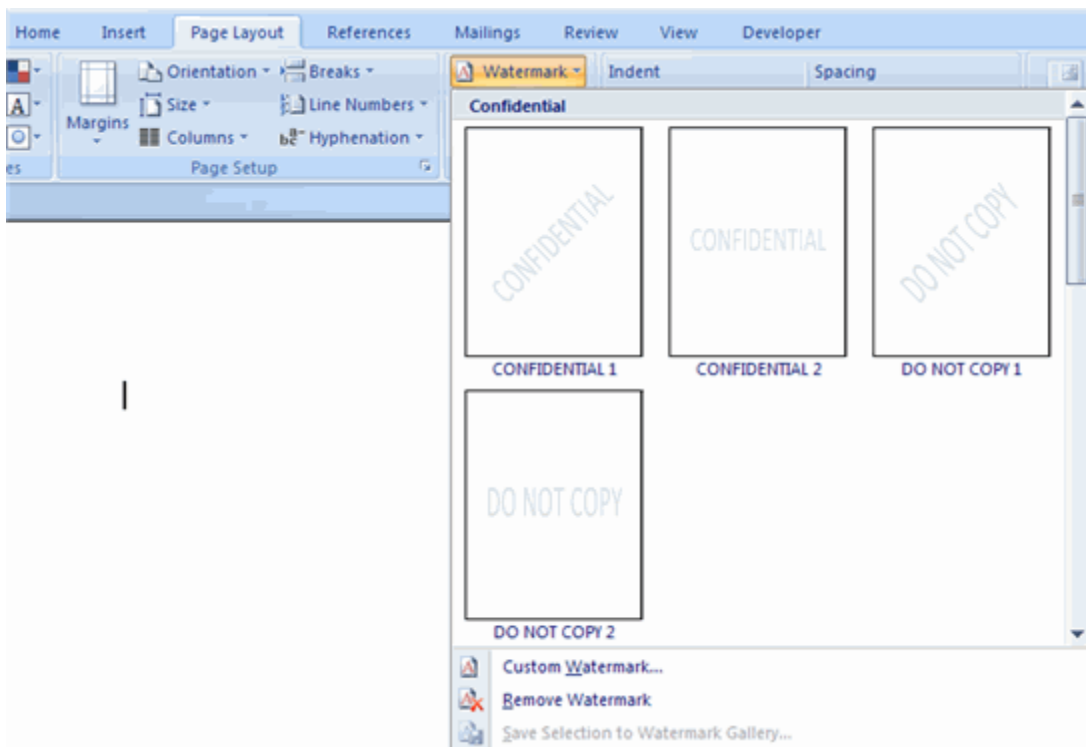
All graphics can be resized by clicking the image and clicking one corner of the image and dragging the cursor to the size you want the picture.



## Watermarks

A watermark is a translucent image that appears behind the primary text in a document. To insert a watermark:

- Click the **Page Layout** Tab in the Ribbon
- Click the **Watermark** Button in the Page Background Group
- Click the **Watermark** you want for the document or click **Custom Watermark** and create your own watermark
- To remove a watermark, follow the steps above, but click **Remove Watermark**



\*\*\*\*\*

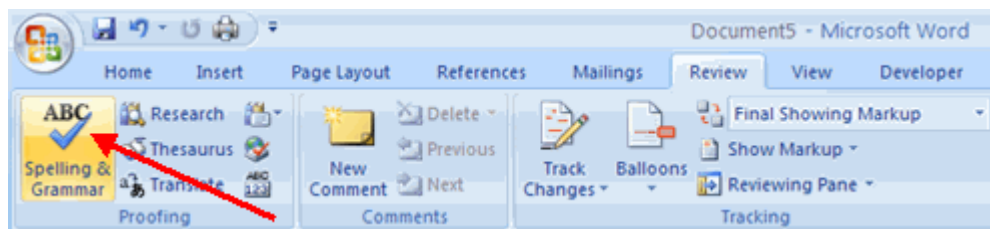
## Proofreading a Document

There are many features to help you proofread your document. These include: Spelling and Grammar, Thesaurus, AutoCorrect, Default Dictionary, and Word Count.

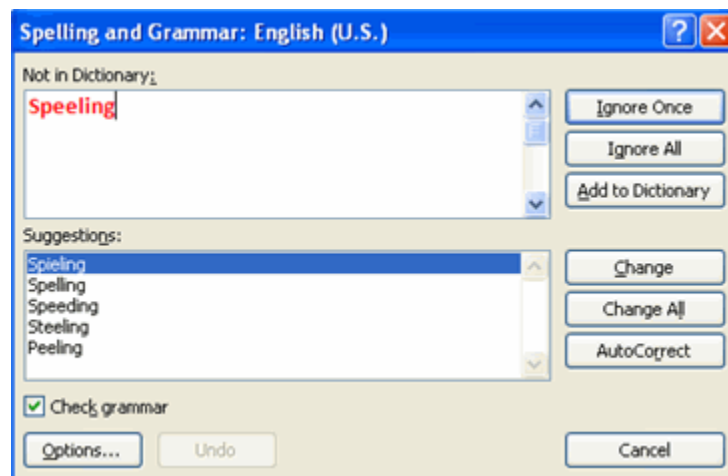
### Spelling and Grammar

To check the spelling and grammar of a document

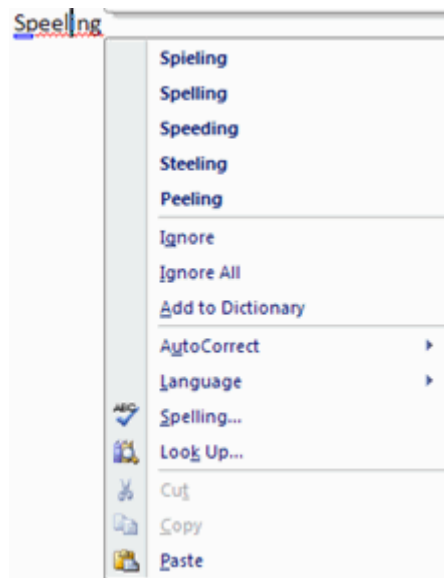
- Place the cursor at the beginning of the document or the beginning of the section that you want to check
- Click the **Review** Tab on the Ribbon
- Click **Spelling & Grammar** on the Proofing Group.



- Any errors will display a dialog box that allows you to choose a more appropriate spelling or phrasing.



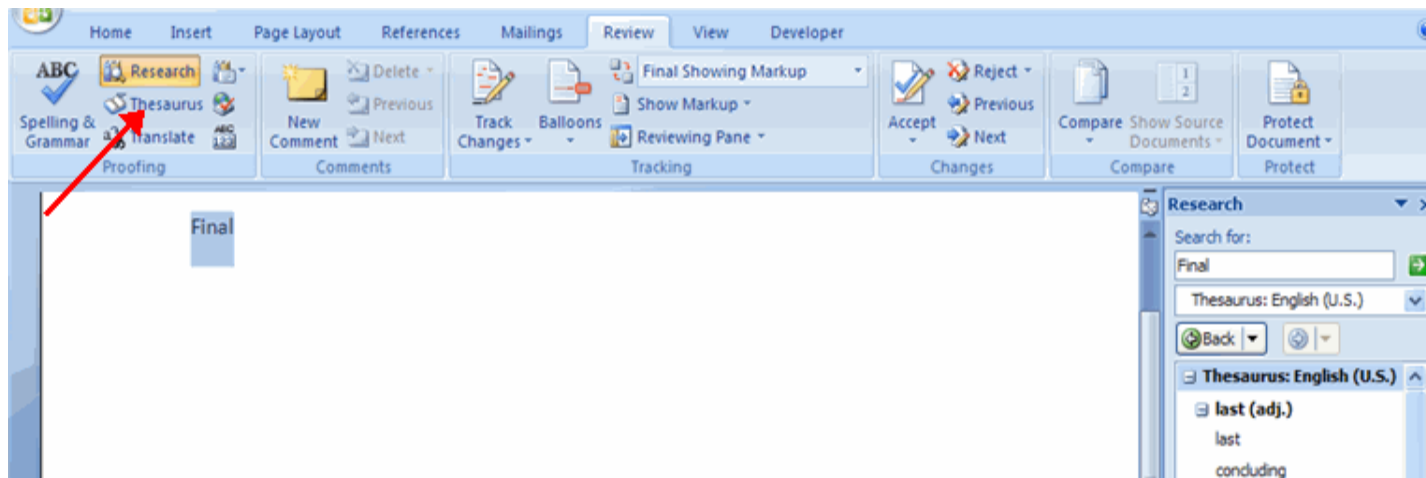
If you wish to check the spelling of an individual word, you can right click any word that has been underlined by Word and choose a substitution.



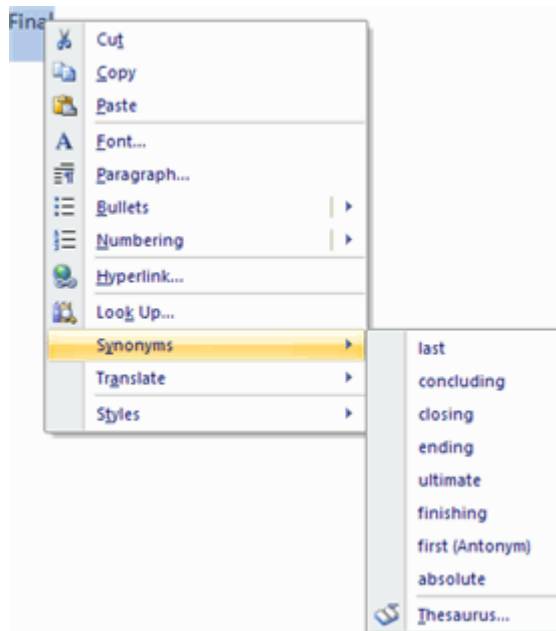
## Thesaurus

The Thesaurus allows you to view synonyms. To use the thesaurus:

- Click the **Review** Tab of the Ribbon
- Click the **Thesaurus** Button on the Proofing Group.
- The thesaurus tool will appear on the right side of the screen and you can view word options.



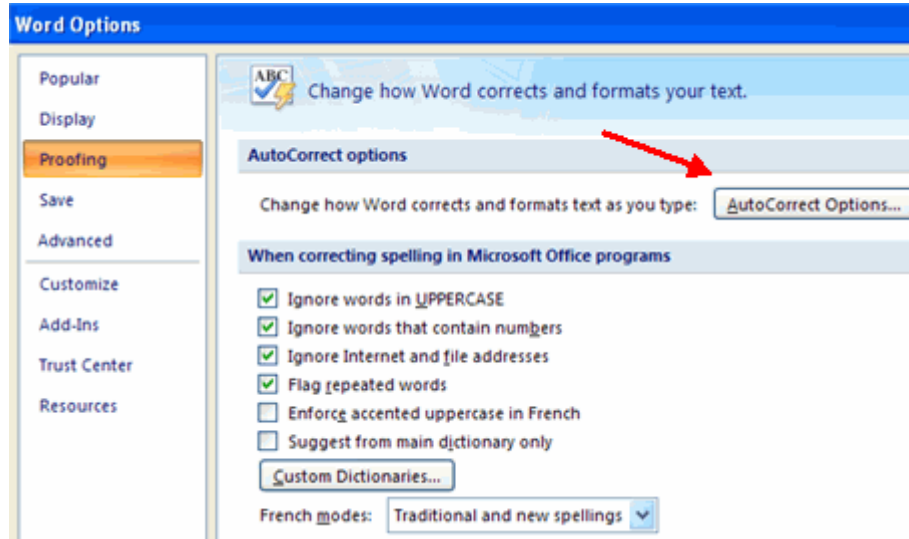
You can also access the thesaurus by right-clicking any word and choosing **Synonyms** on the menu.



## Customize AutoCorrect

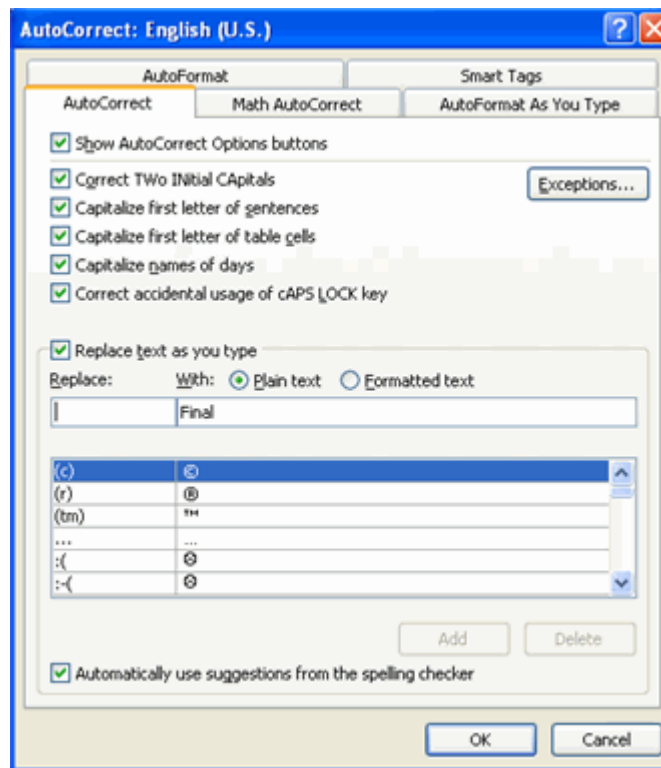
You can set up the AutoCorrect tool in Word to retain certain text the way it is. To customize AutoCorrect:

- Click the **Microsoft Office** button
- Click the **Word Options** Button
- Click the **Proofing** tab
- Click **AutoCorrect Options** button



- On the **AutoCorrect Tab**, you can specify words you want to replace as you type

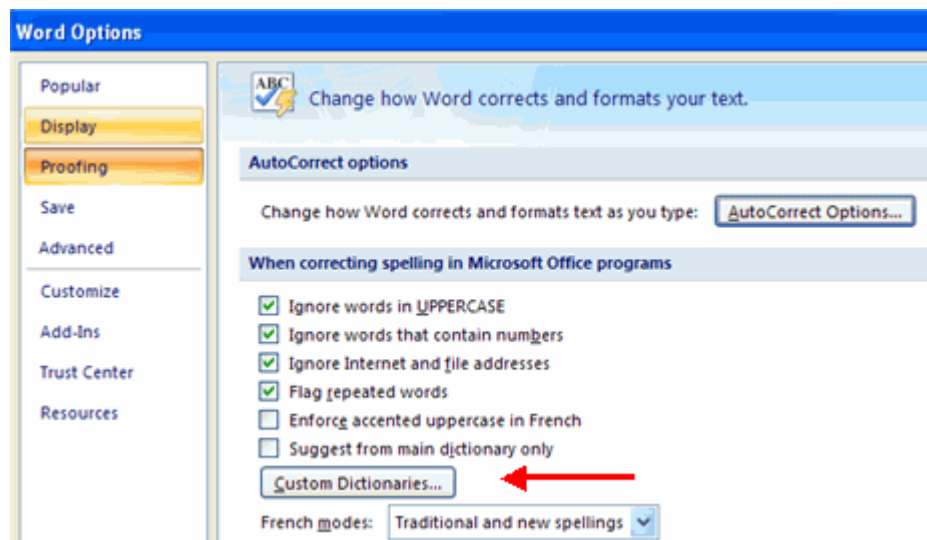




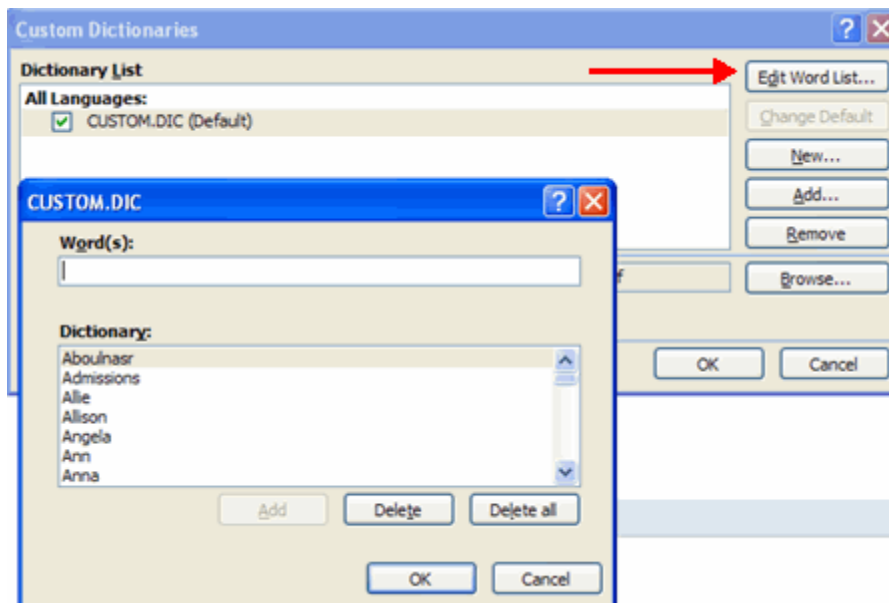
### Create a New Default Dictionary

Often you will have business or educational jargon that may not be recognized by the spelling and/or grammar check in Word. You can customize the dictionary to recognize these words.

- Click the **Microsoft Office** button
- Click the **Word Options** Button
- Click the **Proofing** tab
- Click the **When Correcting Spelling** tab
- Click **Custom Dictionaries**



- Click **Edit Word List**
- Type in any words that you may use that are not recognized by the current dictionary.



### Check Word Count

To check the word count in Word 2007 look at the bottom left corner of the screen. It will give you a total word count or if you have text highlighted it will tell you how many words are highlighted out of the total.



\*\*\*\*\*

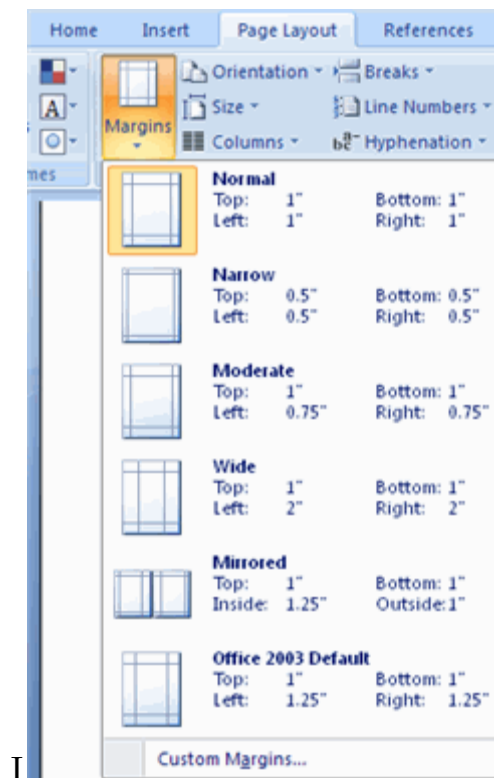
\*

### Page Formatting

#### Modify Page Margins and Orientations

The page margins can be modified through the following steps:

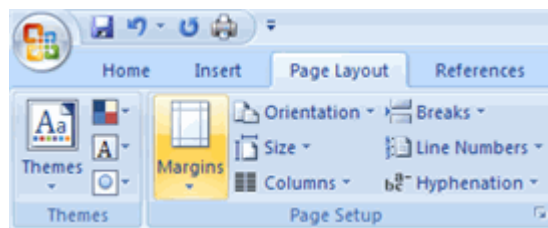
- Click the **Page Layout** Tab on the Ribbon
- On the **Page Setup** Group, Click **Margins**
- Click a **Default Margin**, or
- Click **Custom Margins** and complete the dialog box.



I

To change the Orientation, Size of the Page, or Columns:

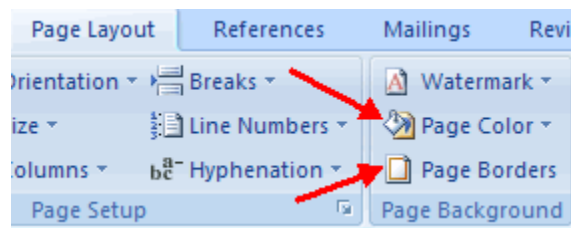
- Click the **Page Layout** Tab on the Ribbon
- On the Page Setup Group, Click the **Orientation**, **Size**, or **Columns** drop down menus
- Click the appropriate choice



### Apply a Page Border and Color

To apply a page border or color:

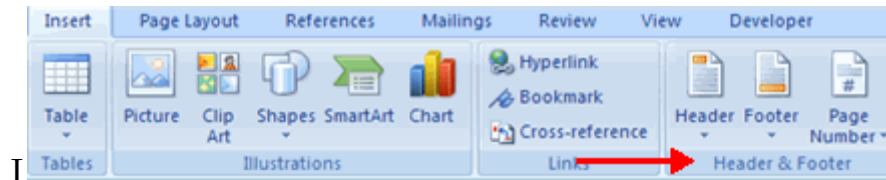
- Click the **Page Layout** Tab on the Ribbon
- On the Page Background Group, click the **Page Colors** or **Page Borders** drop down menus



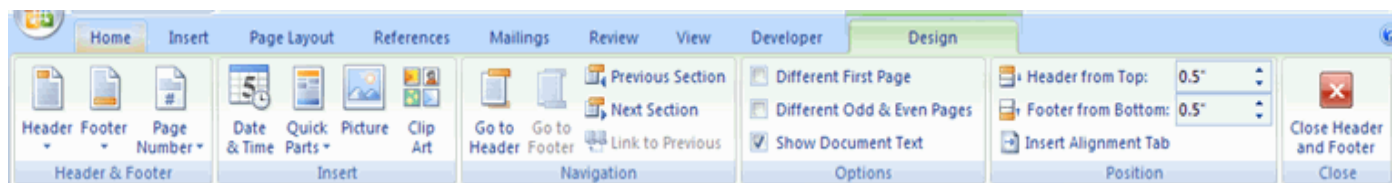
## Insert Common Header and Footer Information

To insert Header and Footer information such as page numbers, date, or title, first, decide if you want the information in the header (at the top of the page) or in the Footer (at the bottom of the page), then:

- Click the **Insert** Tab on the Ribbon
- Click **Header or Footer**
- Choose a style



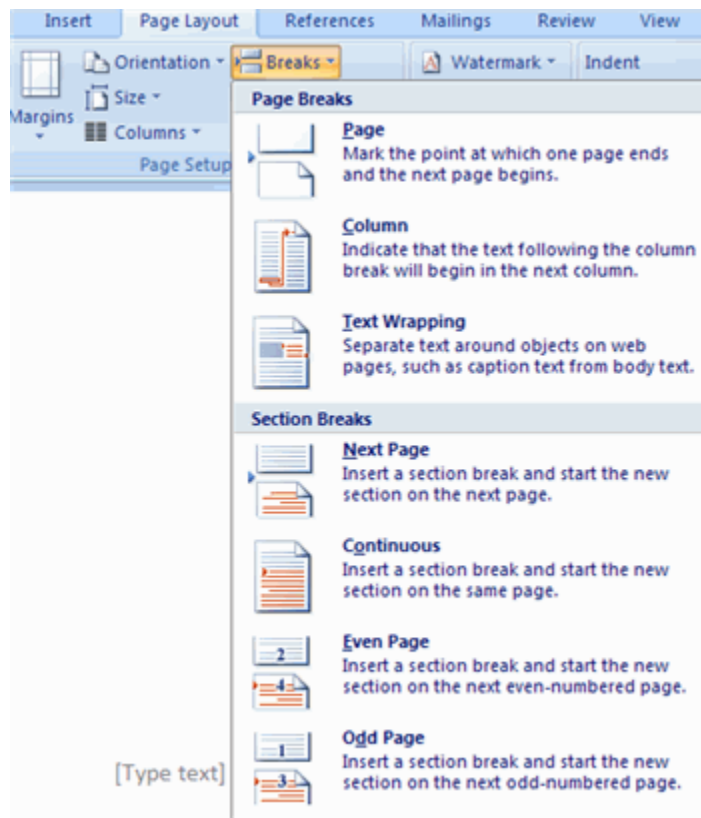
- The **Header/Footer Design** Tab will display on the Ribbon
- Choose the information that you would like to have in the header or footer (date, time, page numbers, etc.) or type in the information you would like to have in the header or footer



## Create a Page Break

To insert a page break:

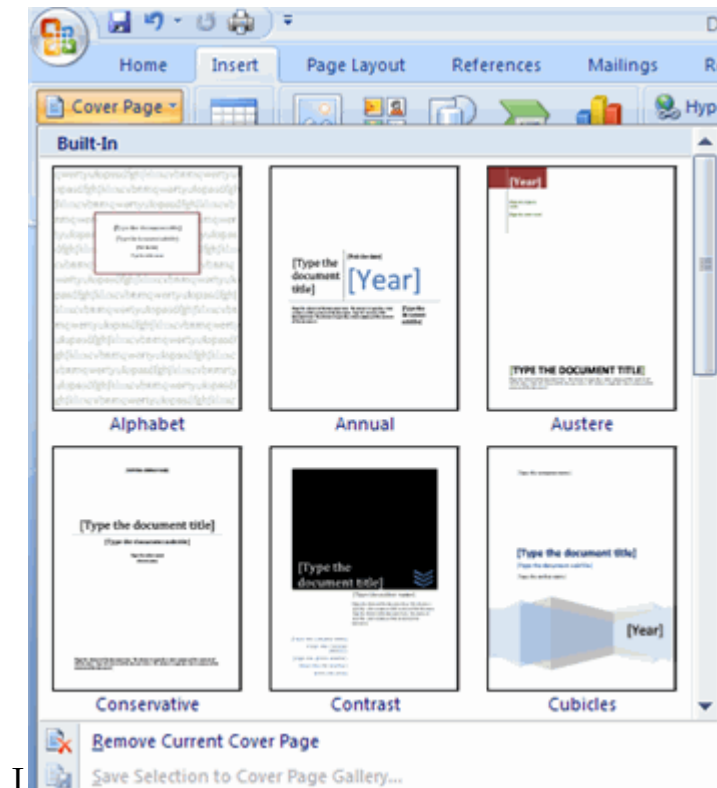
- Click the **Page Layout** Tab on the Ribbon
- On the **Page Setup** Group, click the **Breaks Drop Down Menu**
- Click **Page Break**



## Insert a Cover Page

To insert a cover page:

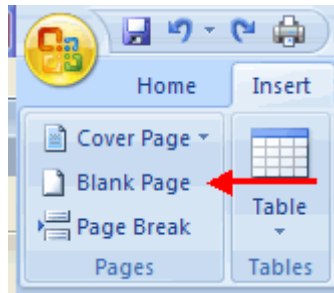
- Click the **Insert** Tab on the Ribbon
- Click the **Cover Page** Button on the Pages Group
- Choose a style for the cover page



## Insert a Blank Page

To insert a blank page:

- Click the **Insert** Tab on the Ribbon
- Click the **Blank Page** Button on the Page Group



\*\*\*\*\*

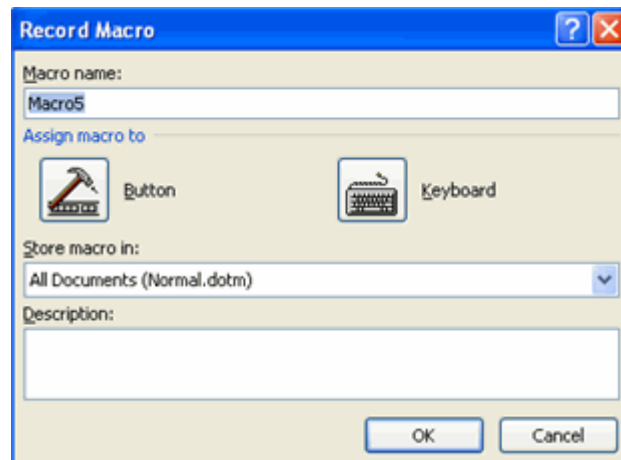
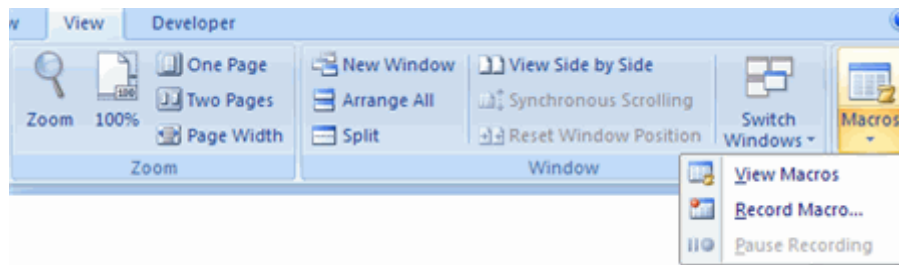
## Macros

Macros are advanced features that can speed up editing or formatting you may perform often in a Word document. They record sequences of menu selections that you choose so that a series of actions can be completed in one step.

## Recording a Macro

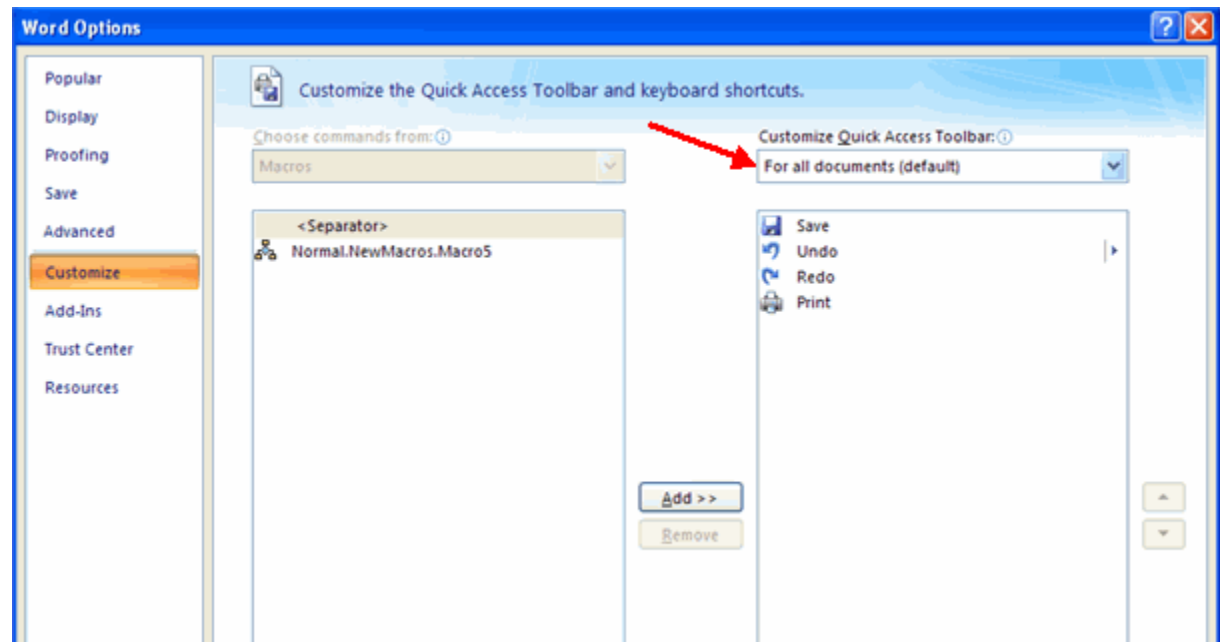
To record a Macro:

- Click the **View** Tab on the Ribbon
- Click **Macros**
- Click **Record Macro**

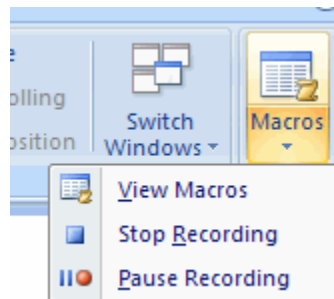


- Enter a name (without spaces)
- Click whether you want it assigned to a **button** (on the Quick Access Toolbar) or the **keyboard** (a sequence of keys)

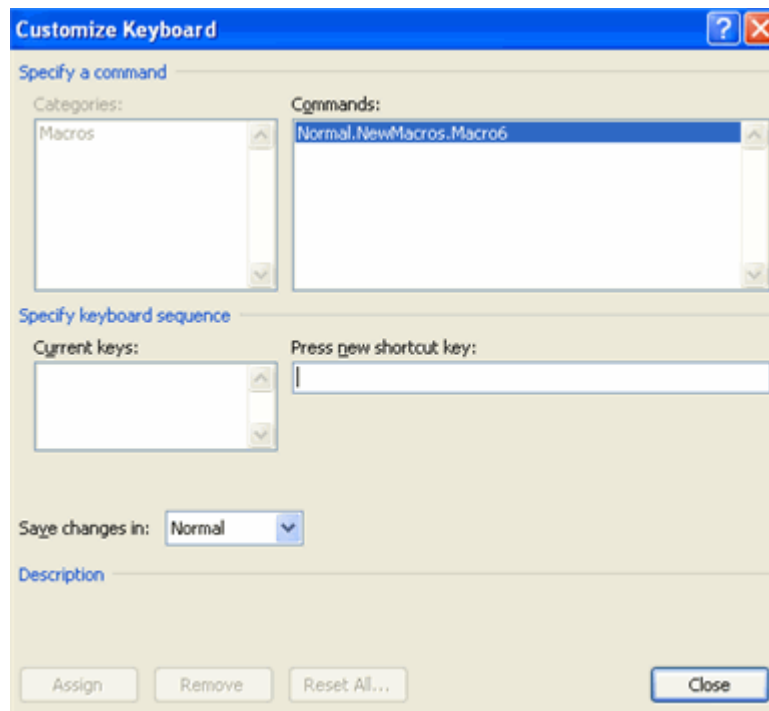
- To assign the macro a **button** on the Quick Access Toolbar:
  - Click **Button**
  - Under the **Customize Quick Access Toolbar**, select the document for which you want the Macro available



- Under Choose Commands: Click the **Macro** that you are recording
- Click **Add**
- Click **OK** to begin Recording the Macro
- Perform the actions you want recorded in the Macro
- Click on **Macros**
- Click on **Stop Recording Macros**



- To assign a macro button to a **keyboard shortcut**:
  - Click **Keyboard**
  - In the **Press New Shortcut Key** box, type the key sequence that you want and click **Assign**



- Click **Close** to begin recording the Macro
- Perform the actions you want recorded in the Macro
- Click on **Macros**
- Click on **Stop Recording Macros**

### Running a Macro

Running a macro depends on whether it's been added to the Quick Access Toolbar or if it's been given a Keyboard Shortcut.

- To run a Macro from the Quick Access Toolbar, simply click the **Macro Icon**



- To run a Macro from the Keyboard shortcut, simply **press the keys** that you have programmed to run the Macro.

\*\*\*\*\*

### Create Table of Contents

The easiest way to create a **Table of Contents** is to utilize the **Heading Styles** that you want to include in the Table of Contents. For example: Heading 1, Heading 2, etc. based on the content of your document. When you add or delete headings from your document, Word updates your **Table of Contents**. Word also updates the page number in the table of contents when information in the document is added or deleted. When you create a Table of Contents, the first thing you want to do is mark the entries in your document. The Table of Contents is formatted based on levels of headings. Level 1 will include any text identified with the style Heading 1.

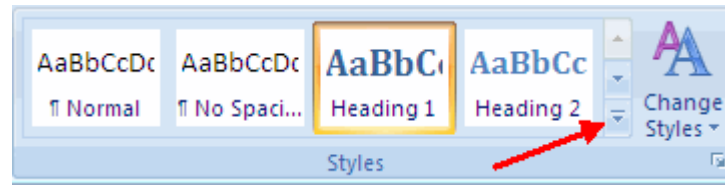
### Mark Table of Contents Entries

You can mark the Table of Contents entries in one of two ways: by using built-in heading styles or by marking individual text entries.

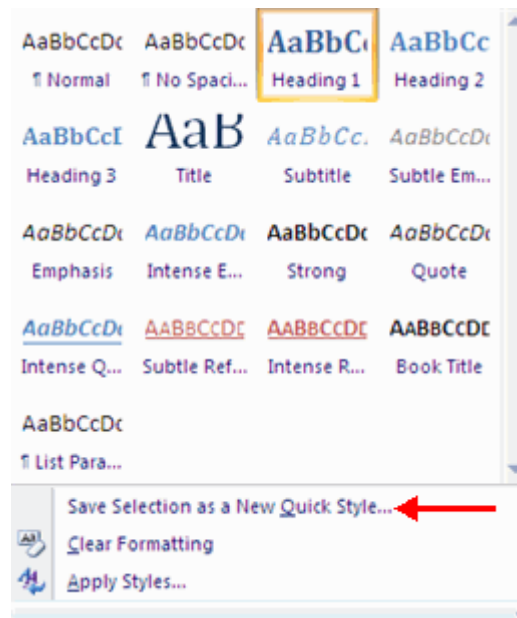


## To Use Built-In Heading Styles

- Select the text that you wish to be the heading
- Click the **Home** Tab
- In the Styles Group, click **Heading 1** (or the appropriate heading)

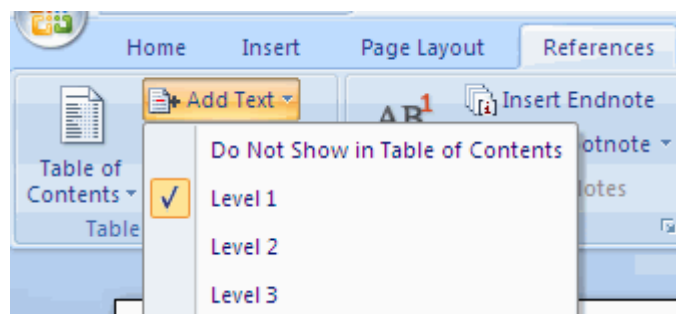


- If you don't see the style you want, click the arrow to expand the **Quick Styles Gallery**
- If the style you want does not appear click **Save Selection as New Quick Style** as New Quick Style



## To Mark Individual Entries:

- Select the text you wish to make a heading
- Click the **References** Tab
- Click **Add Text** in the Table of Contents Group
- Click the **Level** that you want to label your selection



## Create a Table of Contents

To create the table of contents:

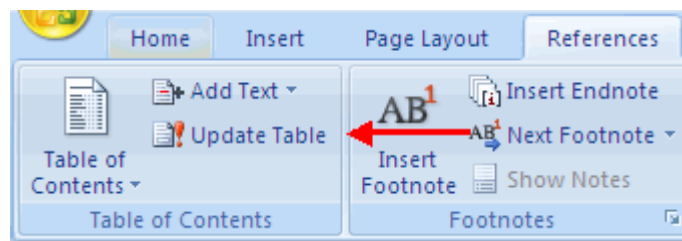
- Put your cursor in the document where you want the Table of Contents
- Click the **References** Tab
- Click the **Table of Contents** button



## Update Table of Contents

If you have added or removed headings or other table of contents entries you can update by:

- Apply headings or mark individual entries as directed above
- Click the **References** Tab in the Ribbon
- Click **Update Table**



## Delete Table of Contents

To delete a table of contents:

- Click the **References** Tab on the Ribbon

- Click **Table of Contents**
- Click **Remove Table of Contents**

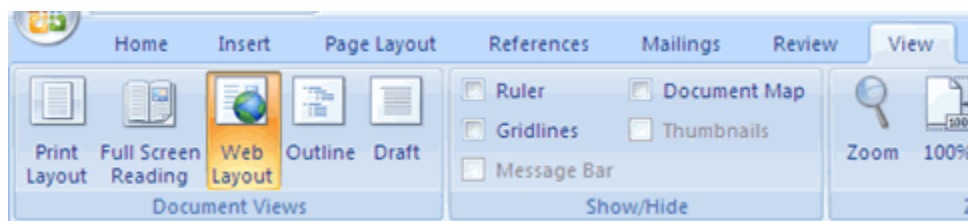


\*\*\*\*\*

## Creating Web Pages

Simple web pages can be created in Word using the Save as Feature. In a web document, you can insert pictures and hyperlinks. To view the document as you would a web page:

- Click the **View** Tab on the Ribbon
- Click the **Web Layout** Button in the Document Views Group



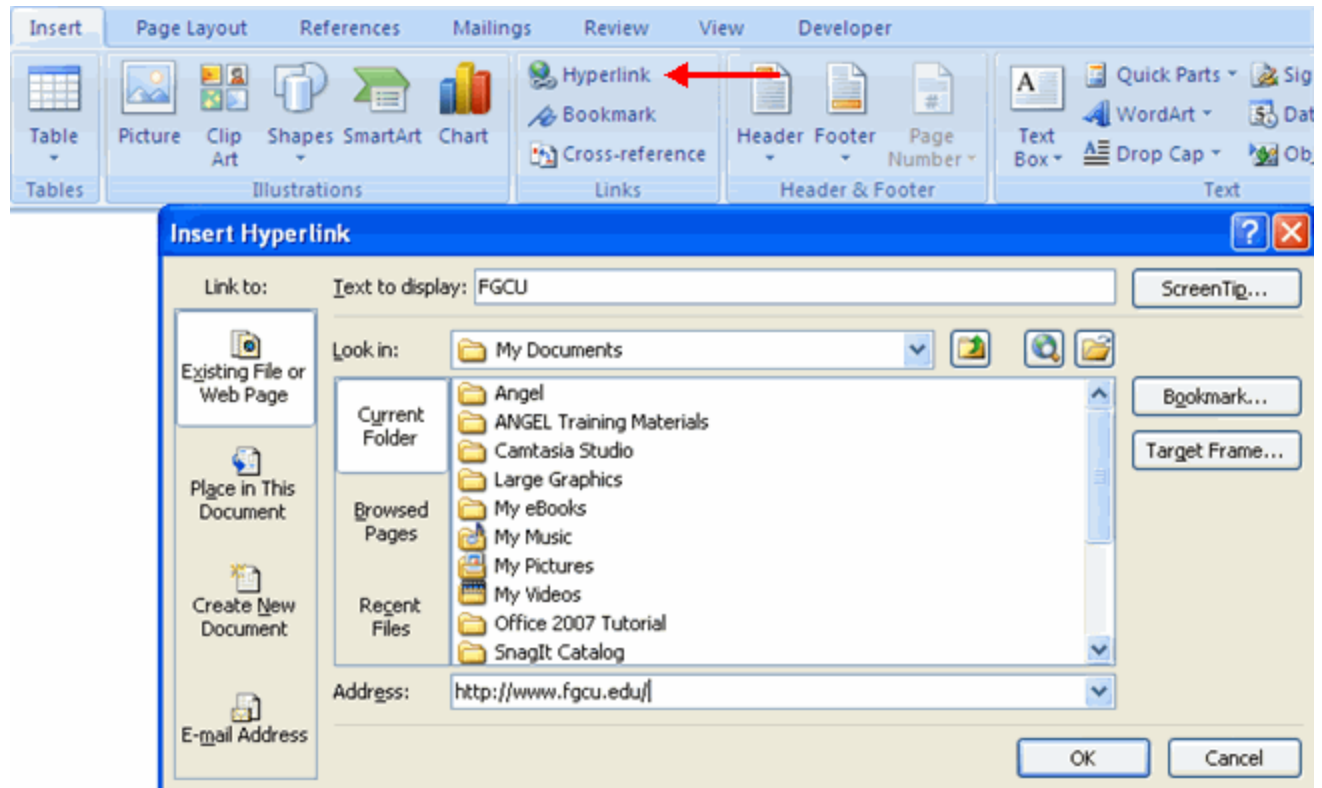
## Entering Text

To enter text into the document, simply begin typing. If you want to adjust the layout of the page and text, you should use tables to format the page properly.

## Hyperlinks

Hyperlinks, or links, allow the reader to click on text and go to another web site. To create a hyperlink:

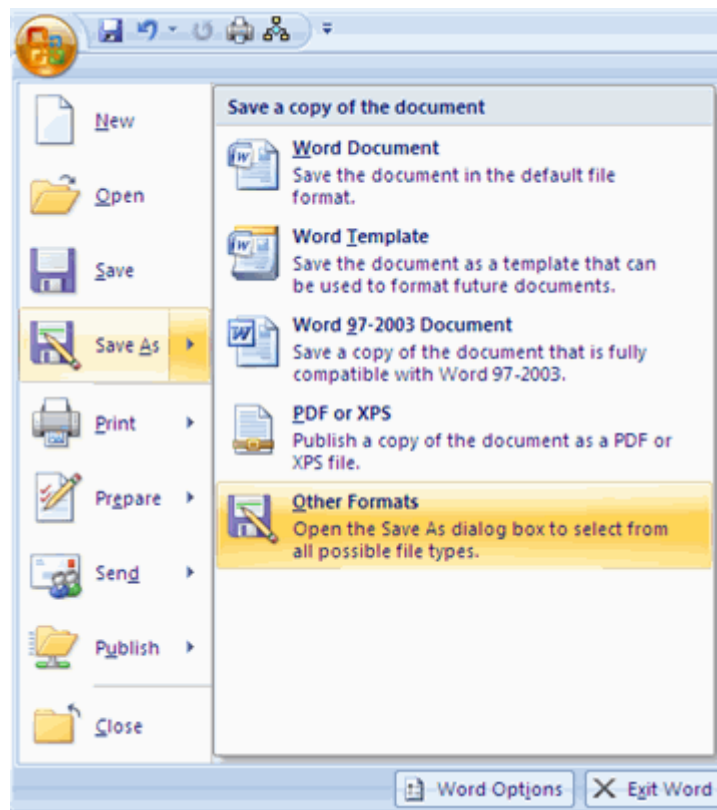
- Select the text that will be the link
- Click the **Insert** Tab of the Ribbon
- Click the **Hyperlink** Button on the Links Group
- Type in the web address, or URL, of the link
- Click **OK**



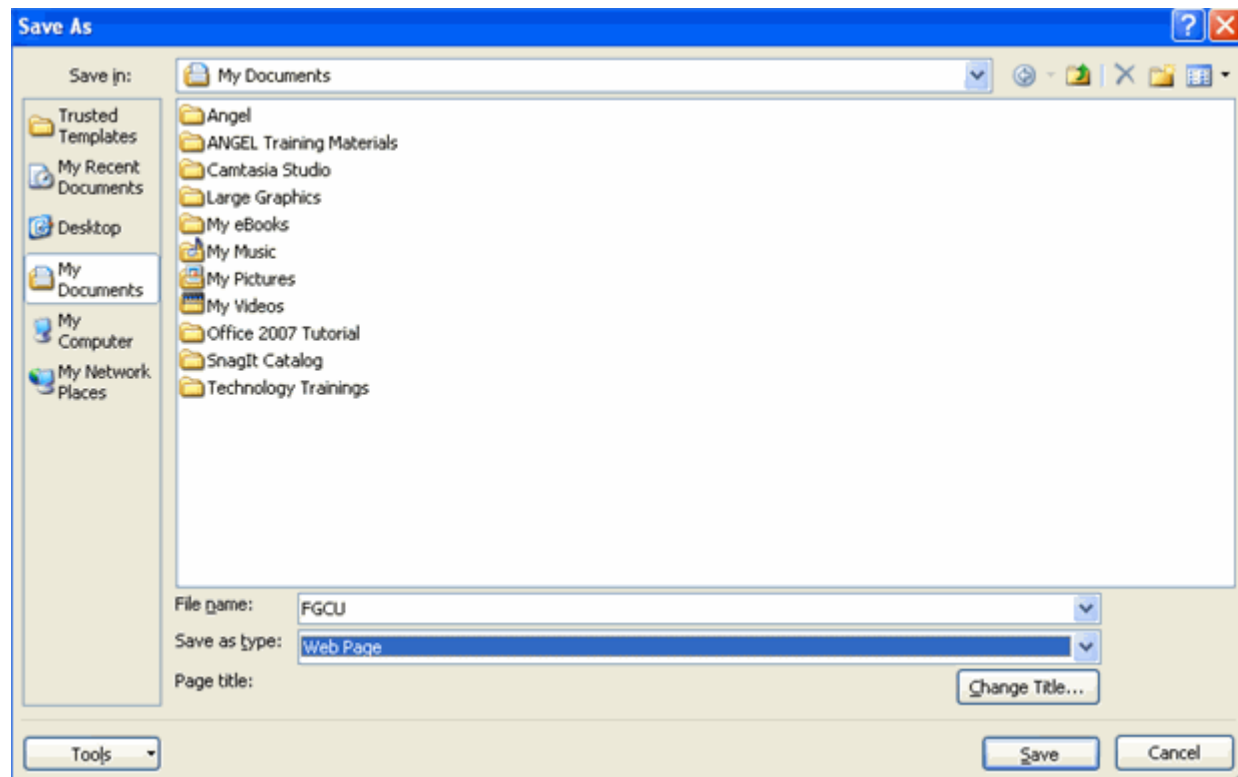
## Saving Web Pages

To save a web page:

- Click the **Office** Button
- Move the cursor over **Save As**
- Click **Other Formats**



- Under Save as Type, click **Web Page**
- Type in the name of the document (without spaces)



\*\*\*\*\*

## Lists

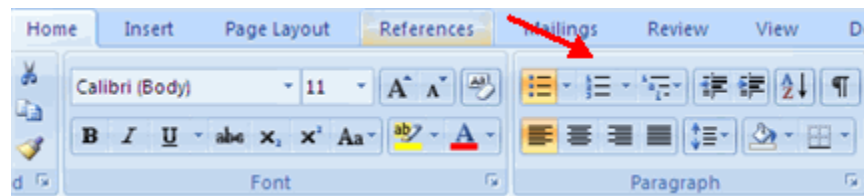
Lists allow you to format and organize text with numbers, bullets, or in an outline.

### Bulleted and Numbered Lists

Bulleted lists have bullet points, numbered lists have numbers, and outline lists combine numbers and letters depending on the organization of the list.

To **add** a list to existing text:

- Select the text you wish to make a list
- From the Paragraph Group on the Home Tab, Click the **Bulleted or Numbered Lists** button



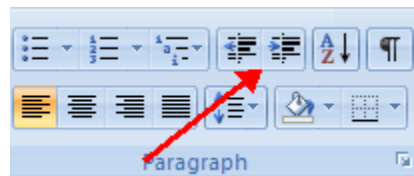
To **create** a new list:

- Place your cursor where you want the list in the document
- Click the **Bulleted or Numbered Lists** button
- Begin typing

### Nested Lists

A nested list is list with several levels of indented text. To create a nested list:

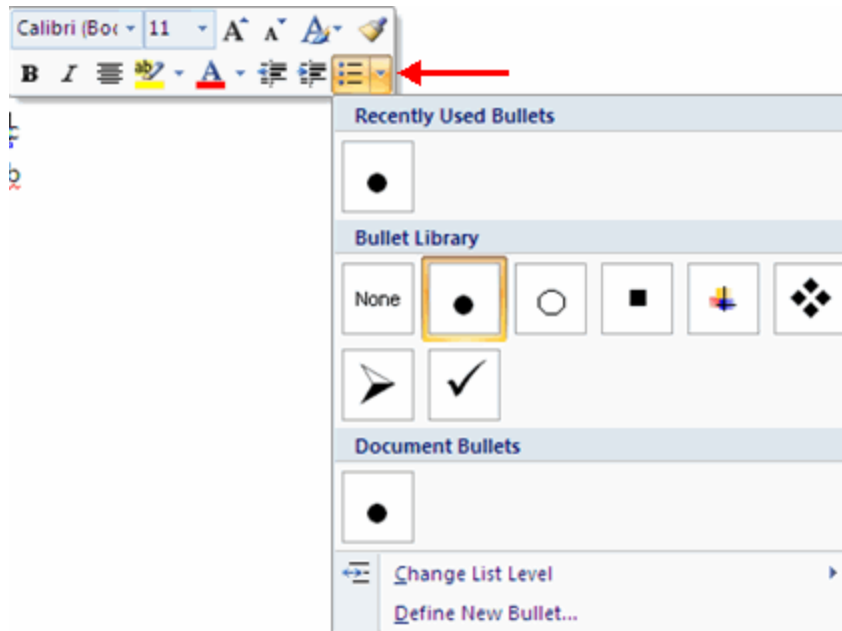
- Create your list following the directions above
- Click the **Increase or Decrease Indent** button



### Formatting Lists

The bullet image and numbering format can be changed by using the **Bullets or Numbering** dialog box.

- Select the entire list to change all the bullets or numbers, or Place the cursor on one line within the list to change a single bullet
- Right click
- Click the **arrow** next to the bulleted or numbered list and choose a bullet or numbering style.



\*\*\*\*\*